

Operating Instructions

EMGZ492.PNET

Dual-channel measuring amplifier for PROFINET IO EMGZ492.R.PNET for mounting on DIN rail EMGZ492.W.PNET for wall mounting

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2 Safety Information

All safety information, operating and installation regulations listed here ensure proper function of the device. Safe operation of the systems requires compliance at all times. Noncompliance with the safety information or using the device outside of the specified performance data can endanger the safety and health of persons.

Work with respect to operation, maintenance, retrofit, repair, or setting the device described here must only be performed by expert personnel.

2.1 Presentation of Safety Information

2.1.1 Danger that Could Result in Minor or Moderate Injuries



Danger, warning, caution Type of danger and its source Possible consequences of nonobservance Measure for danger prevention

2.1.2 Note Regarding Proper Function



Note

Note regarding proper operation Simplification of operation Ensuring function



2.2 General Safety Information



The function of the measuring amplifier is only ensured with the components in the specified layout to one another. Otherwise, severe malfunctions may occur. Thus, observe the mounting information on the following pages.



Observe the local installation regulations.



Improper handling of the electronics module can lead to damage to the sensitive electronics!

Do not work with a blunt tool (screw driver, pliers, etc.) on the housing!

Use suitable grounding (grounding wrist strap, etc.) when working on the electronics.



The devices should have a distance of at least 15 mm to one another in the control cabinet for proper cooling.



3 Product Description

3.1 Block Diagram

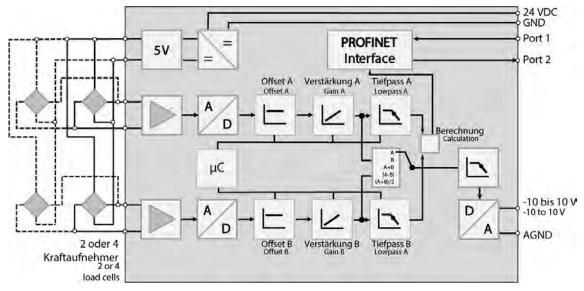


Figure 1: block diagramEMGZ492.PNET

3.2 System Description

The microprocessor-controlled measuring amplifier EMGZ492.PNET series is used in processing, amplifying, and relaying sensor signals in suitable form to downstream devices. The measured force values are available via PROFINET and an analog voltage output.

The measuring amplifiers are suitable for tension measurements using all FMS force sensors. Two force sensors A and B can be connected to the device. Both measuring values are available as individual signal (A and B), as sum signal (A + B), as differential signal |A - B| or as average value (A + B)/2 for the master controller.

Furthermore, device information, parameters, and system settings can be accessed via a web browser. Offset compensation and system calibration can also be performed via the web browser.

3.3 Scope of Delivery

The following is included in the scope of delivery

- Measuring amplifier
- Mounting and operating instructions

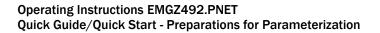
The following is not included in the scope of delivery

- AC/DC power supply, minimum requirement: EMC immunity specifications EN61000-4-2, 3, 4, 5; EN55024 light industry level, criteria A, e.g., TRAKO TXL 035-0524D
- Cable for power supply



The following is not included in the scope of delivery, but are available as accessories from FMS

- Patch cable with RJ45 plug (straight or 90°)
- Sensor cable for the connection of force sensor and measuring amplifier
- M12 plug, D-coded



4 Quick Guide/Quick Start

In these operating instructions, commissioning of the EMGZ492.PNET amplifier is limited to the installation procedure, offset compensation, and system calibration.

4.1 Preparations for Parameterization

- Read the operating instructions of the selected force sensor carefully.
- Check your requirements on the system, such as:
 - Used units in the system
 - Used outputs (-10 to 10V and bus)
- Filter settings for actual force value and analog output
- Create the connection diagram for your specific system layout (see chapter "Electrical Connection")

4.2 Mounting Sequence

- Mount the force sensors (mounting details can be obtained from the mounting instructions of the force sensors)
- Connect the force sensors to the amplifier (see 4.5)
- Connect the amplifier to the supply voltage. The voltage supply must be in the range of 18 to 36 VDC. (See 4.5)
- Perform offset compensation and calibration (see 5)
- Change the parameter settings as needed (see Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.)
- Amplifier integration into the PROFINET network (see Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.)

4.3 Mounting and Electrical Connections



Warning

To improve natural convection and keep heating of the amplifiers as low as possible, the devices installed in a cabinet should have a minimum distance of 15 mm.





The function of the measuring amplifier is only ensured with the components in the specified layout to one another. Otherwise, severe malfunctions may occur. Thus, the mounting information on the following pages must be followed







The local installation regulations ensure the safety of electrical systems. They are not considered in these operating instructions. However, they must be met.

4.4 Force sensor Mounting

The force sensors are mounted in line with the mounting instructions of the respective products. The mounting instructions are included with the force sensors.

4.5 Electrical Connections

Two or four force sensors can be connected to the EMGZ492.PNET. When four sensors are used, two of them have to be connected in parallel. The force sensors and amplifier are connected using a 2x2x0.25 mm² [AWG 23] shielded, twisted cable.

13 14 15 16	Spa	annungsversorg.		aftaufnehmer 1 er Messwalze 1		taufnehmer 2 Messwalze 2	Ana	logausgang
9 10 11 12	1	24 VDC	5	+ Speisung	9	- Speisung	13	± 10 V
FMS_•	2	GND	6	+ Signal	10	- Signal	14	GND
RDY .	з	PE	7	- Signal	11	+ Signal	15	n.a.
RC ACT1	4	Schirmung	8	- Speisung	12	+ Speisung	16	Schirmung
SF.	Po	wer Supply	and the second second	rce sensor 1 or nsor roller 1		ce sensor 2 or sor roller 2	Ana	alog Output
AGT 2	1	24 VDC	5	+ Excitation	9	- Excitation	13	± 10 V
	2	GND	6	+ Signal	10	- Signal	14	GND
5678	з	PE	7	- Signal	11	+ Signal	15	n.a.
1234	4	Shield	8	- Excitation	12	+ Excitation	16	Shield

4.5.1 EMGZ492.R.PNET

Figure 2: EMGZ492.R.PNET electrical connections

Color specifications (per IEC60757) and coding apply to FMS components only!

For easier installation, the terminal blocks can be detached from the main housing.





Figure 3: Detachable terminal blocks: use a small slotted screwdriver as a lever

4.5.2 EMGZ492.W.PNET

The 4 screws of the cover with the PG glands and the M12 plug must be loosened for board access. You can slide out the board by approx. 2 cm (1 in.) and loosen the terminal blocks for easier connection of the wires.

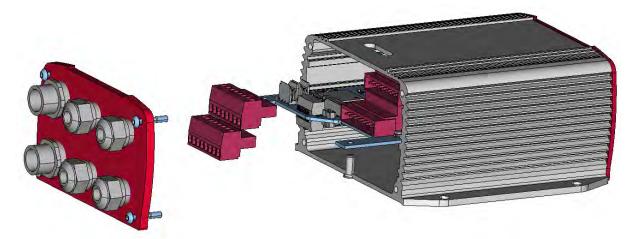


Figure 4: Pc board with removable terminal blocks

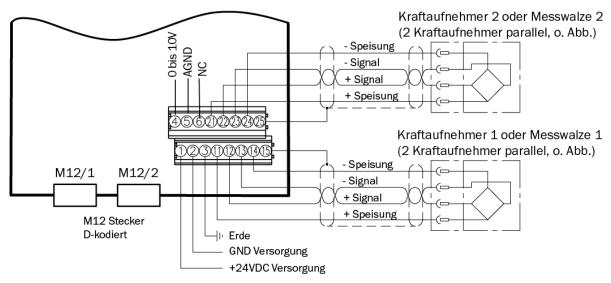


Figure 5: EMGZ492.W.PNET electrical connections



4.5.3 Ethernet Anschlüsse

Signal	Name	PROFINET	EIA T568B	Pin RJ45	Pin M12
TD+	Transmission Data +	YE	WH/OG	1	1
TD-	Transmission Data -	OG	OG	2	3
RD+	Receive Data +	WH	WH/GN	3	2
RD-	Receive Data -	BU	GN	6	4

Tabelle 1: Pin Belegung Ethernet Anschluss



Warning

Poor grounding can result in electric shocks for persons, malfunctions of the overall system or damage to the measuring amplifier! Proper grounding must always be ensured.



Note

Cable shielding may only be connected to one side of the measuring amplifier. On the side of the force sensor, shielding must remain open.



5 Calibration of the Measuring System

There are two options for performing the calibration:

- Via the web browser (see Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.)
- Directly in PLC

5.1 Offset Compensation

Using offset calibration, the weight of the measuring roller and the roller bearings is compensated and the measuring system "zeroed".

Offset compensation must always be executed prior to the actual calibration. The measuring roller must not be loaded during the procedure.

5.2 Calibration (Adjusting the Gain Factor)

Calibration is used for matching the gain factor with the force sensors. After calibration, the displayed force corresponds to the force effectively affecting the material. Two calibration methods are available. The first calibration method described here uses a defined weight. There is also a calculation method for the gain. The weight-based calibration method is simple and delivers more accurate results as it replicates the material profile (see the figure below) and considers the actual circumstances in the machine.

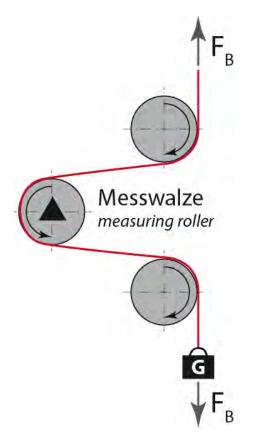


Figure 6: Replication of the material profile using a defined weight



5.3 Calibration

- Activate the web interface (see Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.) and click on "Offset/Calibration" from the menu (see Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.).
- Connect the first force sensor (see 4.5).
- The measuring signal must become positive for loads in measuring direction. If it is negative, the signal lines of the affected force sensors must be switches at the terminal block (see 4.5).
- Connect the second force sensor.
- The measuring signal must become positive for loads in measuring direction. If it is negative, the signal lines of the affected force sensors must be switched at the terminal block (see 4.5).
- Click on "Adjust Offset" in the web browser.
- Insert material or rope into the machine.
- Load material or rope with a defined weight (see 5.1).
- Click on "Calibrate Gain" in the web browser.

5.4 Gain

Depending on the material wound around the measuring roller, the applied force is not relayed to the sensors 1:1. Thus, the measured force does not correspond to the effectively applied force. To correct for this error, the measured force is amplified using a factor. The factor that is referred to as gain or gain factor is calculated such that the resulting force corresponds to the applied force. The gain is calculated per the following formula:

$$Gain = \frac{F_{Nom} \text{ Digit * } F_{act} \text{ N}}{F_{Nom} \text{ N * } F_{act} \text{ Digit}}$$



Option V05

The standard version uses a sensor feedback signal of \pm 9 mV. Measuring amplifiers with the option V05 are designed for a sensor feedback signal of \pm 2.5 mV. The other values in the following description are identical.

Explanation	าร
Variable	Description
F _{Nom} Digit	Is the nominal force as binary value after the A/D converter. This value is a constant with value 11'890. From the user's point of view, this value corresponds to an input signal of 9 mV.
	The amplifier can measure up to an overload of 37 %.
F _{act} N	Effectively applied force at the measuring system in Newtons.
F _{Nom} N	Is the nominal force of the measuring system in Newtons.
F _{act} Digit	Measured force at the measuring system as binary value after the A/D converter. From the user's point of view, this value corresponds to a voltage in mV, which is relayed by the measuring system to the amplifier.

Example

- Nominal force at 9 mV = 11'890 digit
- 1 force sensors with 500 N nominal force, as per type plate; F_{sys} N = 500 N
- Use of a defined weight of 50 kg (corresponds to approx. 500 N); $F_{act} N = 500 N$
- Obtain measured force with suspended weight from the PLC, e.g., F_{act} Digit = 4'980

Gain = -	11'890 * 500N	= 2.388
dam – -	500N * 4980	- 2.300



Note

The gain factor needs to be calculated for both of the channels individually.



Note

This calculation is not required when calibrating via web browser.

5.5 Limit Value Violations

The amplifier checks the analog input and output for limit value violations. At the input, it is checked using the input voltage, whether the force sensor is mechanically overloaded (overload test). The measuring amplifier can measure an overload of 37 %. At the output, it is checked, whether the output voltage depending on the amplified input signal will be above or below the physically possible value. In this case, an overflow and/or underflow is present.



5.5.1 Overload Test

The overload test is performed using the raw value read on the ADC. It is thus not related to any force and can be applied independently from the nominal force to every force sensor.

Test rule:

The FMS force sensors deliver 9 mV at the output under nominal force load. In the case of a load up to the mechanical stop, approx. 12.4 mV are output. These values apply, if the force sensor is loaded in normal operating direction (red point). In reverse direction, the values are respectively negative. The amplifier checks overload in both directions.

The limit value for overload is fixed set to 12 mV and/or -12 mV. If one of these limit values is reached, the overload status bit of the respective force sensors is set. The bit is removed again, as soon as the raw value is 0.5 mV below and/or above the triggering limit value.

5.5.2 Overflow and Underflow Test

The overflow and underflow test is performed with the output value that is relayed to the DAC, calculated from the gain. If the output value exceeds the maximum possible value, an overflow is present. If it undercuts the minimum possible value, an underflow is present.

Test rule

The output voltage is between 0 and ± 10 V. A hysteresis of ± -10 digits is used for the test so that the error bits do not trigger for every small over- and/or underflow. Thus, the overflow triggers, when the theoretically calculated output value of ± 0.05 V is reached. For underflow, the value is 0.05 V. When these limit values are reached, the respective bits are set in the status. The bits are removed, as soon as the output value is within the valid range again (above 0.05 V and below 9,95 V).



5.6 Description of the LEDs

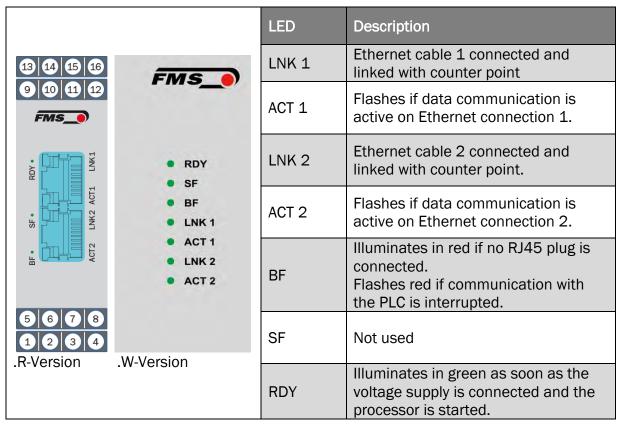


Figure 7: Signal LEDs on EMGZ492.PNET



The measuring amplifiers of the EMGZ492.PNET series can operate in a PROFINET network. Here, the amplifier operates as IO device (slave) and the IO controller (e.g., PLC) as master.

6.1 **PROFINET** Interface

PROFINET RT is supported. The respective communication profile is selected by the IO controller (master) via the GSD. The EMGZ492.PNET transfers the actual value in digit and the status/error byte. In addition, parameters, such as offset actual value, gain actual value, filter actual value, filter analog output, as well as scaling analog output can be adjusted.

6.2 TCP/IP Configuration

The Ethernet settings must be known for PLC or web browser to communicate with the amplifier in a PROFINET network. The system developer configures the address for every device and has thus a general overview of the address allocation in the network.

The IP address is assigned to every device via the PLC. To assign the PLC, the device's IP address must be 0.0.0.0 after the start. This is the case after every new start of the measuring amplifier.

6.3 System Start

Module parameters are not supported.

6.4 Data Exchange

The EMGZ492.PNET uses the communication types typical in PROFINET IO. Cyclic data traffic is used for the fast transmission of measured data. Acyclic data traffic is used for parameterization. Cyclic data traffic is used for transmitting the limit value violations.





7 Configuration

The EMGZ492.PNET can be configured either via the web interface or via PROFINET.

The parameters "Low-pass filter active" and "Low-pass filter analog output active" cannot be accessed via the web interface.

7.1 Parameter Description

Parameter				
Name	Description	Description		
Unit	Here you select which unit of measurement is used. The label located on the sensor will indicate the nominal force in Newtons.			
	Note:			
	This input will als data.	o affect the unit of the cyclic process		
	If Ib (pound) is se to imperial meas	lected, the system switches from metric uring units.		
	Selection	N, kN, lb, g, kg		
	Specified value	Ν		
Low-pass filter active A	Here, the status of the low-pass filter active value for the force sensor A is indicated.			
	This parameter ca	annot be accessed via the web interface.		
	Min.	0		
	Max.	1		
	Specified value	1		
	0 = no, inactive, 1 = yes, active			
Offset A	The values determined with the "Offset Compensati procedure are stored in the form of a digital value in [Offset] parameter. The value is used for compensati for the roller weight of force sensor A.			
	Min.	-16'000		
	Max.	16'000		
	Specified value	0		



Parameter			
Name	Description		
Gain A	The gain factor ensures that the displayed force ma the effective force on sensor A.		
	Min.	0.100	
	Max.	20.000	
	Specified value	1.000	
Nominal force A	The nominal force indicates the measuring capacity force sensor A. E.g., if a 500 N force sensor is installe 500 N must be entered.		
	Unit	Ν	
	Min.	1.00	
	Max.	200'000.00	
	Specified value	1'000.00	
Limit frequency low- pass filter actual value A			
	This low-pass filte	er is independent from the output filter.	
	Unit	Hz	
	Min.	0.1	
	Max.	200.0	
	Specified value	10.0	
Low-pass filter active B	Here, the status of the low-pass filter active value for the force sensor B is indicated.		
	This parameter ca	annot be accessed via the web interface.	
	Min.	0	
	Max.	1	
	Specified value	1	
	0 = no, inactive, 1	L = yes, active	



Parameter	Parameter				
Name	Description				
Offset B	The values determined with the "Offset Compensation procedure are stored in the form of a digital value in th [Offset] parameter. The value is used for compensating for the roller weight of force sensor B.				
	Min16'000				
	Max.	16'000			
	Specified value	0			
Gain B	The gain factor ended the effective force	nsures that the displayed force matches e on sensor B.			
	Min.	0.100			
	Max.	20.000			
	Specified value	1.000			
Nominal force B		e indicates the measuring capacity of g., if a 500 N force sensor is installed ntered.			
	Unit	Ν			
	Min.	1.00			
	Max.	200'000.00			
	Specified value	1'000.00			
Limit frequency low- pass filter actual value B	measured value i used for suppress are superimpose parameter, the lin	tures a low-pass filter that filters the s relayed via PROFINET. This filter is sing undesired interference signals that d on the measuring signal. Using this mit frequency of the filter of force sensor e lower the limit frequency, the slower lue.			
	This low-pass filte	er is independent from the output filter.			
	Unit	Hz			
	Min.	0.1			
	Max.	200.0			
	Specified value	10.0			



Parameter			
Name	Description		
Low-pass filter analog output active	Here, the status of the low-pass filter for the analog output is indicated.		
	This parameter ca	annot be accessed via the web interface.	
	Min. O		
	Max.	1	
	Specified value	1	
	0 = no, inactive, 1	L = yes, active	
Limit frequency low- pass filter analog output	signal of the anal suppressing unde	tures a low-pass filter that filters the og voltage output. This filter is used for esired interference signals. Using this mit frequency of the filter is adjusted.	
	This low-pass filte filter.	er is independent from the PROFINET	
	Unit	Hz	
	Min.	0.1	
	Max.	200.0	
	Specified value	10.0	
Analog output scaling	-	etermines, for which force the analog s maximum voltage (10 V).	
	Note:		
	lf lb (pound) is se to imperial meas	lected, the system switches from metric uring units.	
	Unit	Ν	
	Min.	0.1	
	Max.	200'000.00	
	Specified value	1'000.00	



7.2 Cyclic Data Traffic

After a successful system start, IO controller and the assigned IO devices can exchange cyclic process data. The table below shows the measured data and how they are transmitted.

Parameter			
Name	Description		
Actual value A in ADC	Value read in via the A/D converter.		
	Data type	int (signed 16 bit)	
	Value range	-16384 bis 16383	
	Value format	±#####	
	The value is interpreted as integer without decimal place. E.g. 1000 = 1000 ADC raw value		
Actual value A in	Filtered actual va	alue converted into Newton	
Newton	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)	
	Value range	±200'000'000	
	Value format	±#####################################	
	The value is interpreted as decimal number with 3 decimal places. E.g. 1500 = 1.500 N (1.5 N)		
	Unit	Ν	
Actual value A in	Filtered actual va	alue converted into pound.	
pound	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)	
	Value range	±200'000'000	
	Value format	±#####################################	
	The value is interpreted as decimal number with 3 decimal places. E.g. 224820 = 224.820 lb (224.82 lb)		
	Unit	lb	



Parameter			
Name	Description		
Actual value A in unit	Filtered actual va	lue converted into configured unit.	
	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)	
	Value range	±200'000'000	
	Value format	±########### for N, kN, kg, or lb	
		preted as decimal number with 3 E.g. unit set to kN 100000 = 100.000 kN	
	Value format	±########### for g	
		preted as decimal number with 1 g. unit set to g 12340 = 1234.0 g (1234	
	Unit	N, kN, g, kg, or lb	
Actual value B in ADC	Value read in via the A/D converter.		
	Data type	int (signed 16 bit)	
	Value range	-16384 bis 16383	
	Value format	±#####	
	The value is interpreted as integer without decimal place. E.g. 1000 = 1000 ADC raw value		
Actual value B in	Filtered actual va	lue converted into Newton	
Newton	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)	
	Value range	±200'000'000	
	Value format	±#####################################	
		preted as decimal number with 3 E.g. 1500 = 1.500 N (1.5 N)	
	Unit	Ν	
Actual value B in	Filtered actual va	lue converted into pound.	
pound	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)	
	Value range	±200'000'000	
	Value format	±#####################################	
	The value is interpreted as decimal number with 3 decimal places. E.g. 224820 = 224.820 lb (224.82 lb)		
	Unit	lb	





Parameter			
Name	Description		
Actual value B in unit	Filtered actual value converted into configured unit.		
	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)	
	Value range	±200'000'000	
	Value format	±########### for N, kN, kg, or lb	
	The value is interpreted as decimal number with 3 decimal places. E.g. unit set to kN 100000 = 100.000 kN (100 kN)		
	Value format	±########### for g	
		preted as decimal number with 1 g. unit set to g 12340 = 1234.0 g (1234	
	Unit	N, kN, g, kg, or lb	
Actual value A + B in unit	Filtered actual va configured unit.	lues sum signal converted into	
	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)	
	Value range	±200'000'000	
	Value format	±########### for N, kN, kg, or lb	
	The value is interpreted as decimal number with decimal places. E.g. unit set to kN 100000 = 100 (100 kN)		
	Value format	±########### for g	
	The value is interpreted as decimal number with 1 decimal place. E.g. unit set to g 12340 = 1234.0 g (123 g)		
	Unit	N, kN, g, kg, or lb	



Parameter	Parameter			
Name	Description			
Actual value A - B in unit	Filtered actual values differential signal converted into configured unit.			
	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)		
	Value range	±200'000'000		
	Value format	±########### for N, kN, kg, or lb		
		The value is interpreted as decimal number with 3 decimal places. E.g. unit set to kN 100000 = 100.000 kN (100 kN)		
	Value format	±############ for g		
		preted as decimal number with 1 g. unit set to g 12340 = 1234.0 g (1234		
	Unit	N, kN, g, kg, or lb		
Actual value (A + B)/2 in unit	Filtered actual values medium signal converted into configured unit.			
	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)		
	Value range	±200'000'000		
	Value format	±########### for N, kN, kg, or lb		
		preted as decimal number with 3 E.g. unit set to kN 100000 = 100.000 kN		
	Value format	±############ for g		
		preted as decimal number with 1 g. unit set to g 12340 = 1234.0 g (1234		
	Unit	N, kN, g, kg, or lb		
Status	The status contai process and oper	ns information about the current ating condition.		
	Every bit represen active, if the bit is	nts a separate event. The condition is set.		
	Data type	byte (unsigned 8 bit)		
	Bit 0	Overload (LSB) A		
	Bit 1	Overload (LSB) B		
	Bit 2	Analog output overflow		
	Bit 3	Analog output underflow		



7.3 Acyclic Data Traffic

After a successful system start, IO controller and the assigned IO devices can exchange acyclic requirement data. The following table shows the parameters and commands ad how they are transmitted using acyclic data traffic.

To address the parameters 0x01 to 0x08 you have to use slot 1, module feedback, "Parameter Access Point".

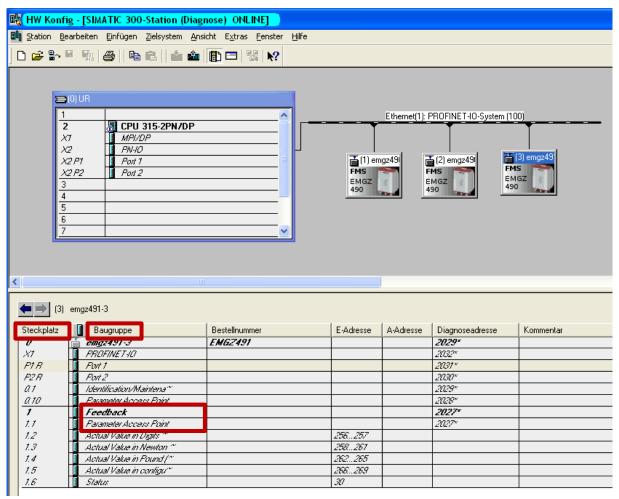


Figure 8: parameter access point for acyclic data traffic



Parameter				
Index	Description			
0x01	Unit			
	Access type	R/W		
	Parameter command	unit		
	Data type	byte (unsigned 8 bit)		
	Value range	0 to 4 0=N; 1=kN; 2=Ib; 3=g; 4=kg		
	Value format	#		
0x02	Offset A			
	Access type	R/W		
	Parameter command	offset		
	Data type	int (unsigned 16 bit)		
	Value range	-16'000 to 16'000		
	Value format	±#####		
0x03	Gain A			
	Access type	R/W		
	Parameter command	gain		
	Data type	int (unsigned 16 bit)		
	Value range	100 to 20'000		
	Value format	##.###		
0x04	Nominal force A			
		The nominal force is the maximum permissible force of the used measuring system.		
	Access type	R/W		
	Parameter command	Nominal force		
	Data type	long (unsigned 32 bit)		
	Value range	0 to 200'000'000		
	Value format	#######################################		
	Unit	Ν		



Parameter				
Index	Description			
0x05	Low-pass filter active A	Low-pass filter active A		
	Switch the low-pass filte = on.	Switch the low-pass filter actual value on or off; 0 = off; 1 = on.		
	Not remanent: The adju filter is switched on afte	isted value is lost on a restart! This er a restart.		
	This parameter cannot	be accessed via the web interface.		
	Access type	R/W		
	Parameter command	low-pass filter actual value active (PROFINET)		
	Data type	byte (unsigned 8 bit)		
	Value range	0 to 1		
	Value format	#		
0x06	Limit frequency low-pas	ss filter actual value A		
	Limit frequency of the loop outputted via PROFINE	ow-pass filter for the actual value Г.		
	Access type	R/W		
	Parameter command	limit frequency low-pass filter actual value (PROFINET)		
	Data type	int (unsigned 16 bit)		
	Value range	1 to 2'000		
	Value format	###.#		
	Unit	Hz		
0x07	Offset adjustment A			
	Determine and store of without material tensio	fset. The system is set to zero n.		
	Access type	W		
	Parameter command	offset adjustment		
	Data type	byte (unsigned 8 bit)		
	Value range	0 to 1		
	Value format	#		



Parameter			
Index	Description		
0x08	Calibration A		
	=	to the weight in Newton, which is st match the suspended weight.	
	Access type	w	
	Parameter command	calibration	
	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)	
	Value range	0 to 200'000'000	
	Value format	######.###	
	Unit	Ν	
0x09	Offset B		
	Access type	R/W	
	Parameter command	offset	
	Data type	int (unsigned 16 bit)	
	Value range	-16'000 to 16'000	
	Value format	±#####	
0x0A	Gain B		
	Access type	R/W	
	Parameter command	gain	
	Data type	int (unsigned 16 bit)	
	Value range	100 to 20'000	
	Value format	##.###	
ОхОВ	Nominal force B		
	The nominal force is the maximum permissible force of the used measuring system.		
	Access type	R/W	
	Parameter command	Nominal force	
	Data type	long (unsigned 32 bit)	
	Value range	0 to 200'000'000	
	Value format	######.###	
	Unit	Ν	



Parameter				
Index	Description			
0x0C	Low-pass filter active B	Low-pass filter active B		
	Switch the low-pass filte = on.	Switch the low-pass filter actual value on or off; 0 = off; 1 = on.		
	Not remanent: The adju filter is switched on afte	isted value is lost on a restart! This er a restart.		
	This parameter cannot	be accessed via the web interface.		
	Access type	R/W		
	Parameter command	low-pass filter actual value active (PROFINET)		
	Data type	byte (unsigned 8 bit)		
	Value range	0 to 1		
	Value format	#		
0x0D	Limit frequency low-pas	ss filter actual value B		
	Limit frequency of the loop outputted via PROFINE	ow-pass filter for the actual value T.		
	Access type	R/W		
	Parameter command	limit frequency low-pass filter actual value (PROFINET)		
	Data type	int (unsigned 16 bit)		
	Value range	1 to 2'000		
	Value format	###.#		
	Unit	Hz		
OxOE	Offset adjustment B			
	Determine and store of without material tensio	fset. The system is set to zero n.		
	Access type	W		
	Parameter command	offset adjustment		
	Data type	byte (unsigned 8 bit)		
	Value range	0 to 1		
	Value format	#		



Parameter		
Index	Description	
0x0F	Calibration B	
	•	to the weight in Newton, which is ust match the suspended weight.
	Access type	W
	Parameter command	calibration
	Data type	long (signed 32 bit)
	Value range	± 200'000'000
	Value format	######.###
	Unit	Ν

Explanation of access types: R = Read, W = Write, R/W = Read and Write.

To address the parameters 0x20 to 0x23 you have to use slot 0, module <device name>, "Parameter Access Point".

Zur Adressierung der Parameter 0x20 bis 0x23 ist der Steckplatz 0, Baugruppe <Gerätename>, "Parameter Access Point" zu verwenden.

	fig - [SIMATIC 300-Station (Di					
tation <u>E</u>	<u>B</u> earbeiten <u>E</u> infügen <u>Z</u> ielsystem <u>A</u>	<u>A</u> nsicht E <u>x</u> tras <u>F</u> enster <u>H</u> il	fe			
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	///					
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	1 2 📓 CPU 315-2PN/DF	<u> </u>		Ethernet(1):	PROFINET-10-System (100)
	X1 MPI/DP		Ī		T	T
	X2 PN-10				_	
	X2 P1 Port 1		📷 (1) er	ngz49i		(3) emgz49
	X2 P2 Port 2		FMS	100	MS 🤝	MS 🤝
	3		EMGZ 490			MGZ
	4		490	Cord I	+90	
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L		⊻)		
L	·	∨)		_
L (3)) emgz491-3)		
L (3)) emgz491-3	Bestellnummer	E-Adresse	A-Adresse	Diagnoseadresse	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz) emgz491-3 Baugruppe <i>emgz491-3</i>		E-Adresse	A-Adresse	2029*	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3	Bestellnummer	E-Adresse	A-Adresse	2029' 2032**	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz 7 1 R	i) emgz491-3 Baugruppe cmgz491-3 FRUFINE 1-101 Favr 1	Bestellnummer	E-Adresse	A-Adresse	2029* 2032** 2031*	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz 7 7 7 7 7 7) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 FRUF/IVE / 1/1 FRUF / FRUF /	Bestellnummer	E-Adresse	A-Adresse	2029* 2032** 2031* 2030*	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 FRUIFINE I AU FRUIFINE I AU FRUIFINE I AU I FRUIFINE I AU I Auntification Mainten att	Bestellnummer	E-Adresse	A-Adresse	2029* 2032** 2031* 2030* 2030* 2029*	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	i) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 FHUH/NE I -UI FArit 1 Farit 1 Farit 2 Manification Maintenan Fariameter Access Faint	Bestellnummer	E-Adresse	A-Adresse	2029* 2032** 2031 * 2030* 2030* 2039* 2029*	Kommentar
(3) ackplatz 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 FRUFINE 1-10 Part 1 Part 2 Kantification Atlaintena Farameter Access Point Feedback	Bestellnummer	E-Adresse	A-Adresse	2029* 2032* 2031* 2030* 2029* 2028* 2028*	Kommentar
(3) ackplatz 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	i) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 FRUFINE 1-11 Part 1 Part 2 Mantilication Maintena ^{**} Parameter Access Point Farameter Access Point Farameter Access Point	Bestellnummer		A-Adresse	2029* 2032** 2031 * 2030* 2030* 2039* 2029*	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 2	i) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 PhttriffE1-101 Part 1 Part 2 Mantification Mainten a ^{rr} Parameter Access Point Facameter Access Point Actual Value in Digits ^{rr}	Bestellnummer	256257	A-Adresse	2029* 2032* 2031* 2030* 2029* 2028* 2028*	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 3	i) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 FBUTINE 1-11 Four 1 Faut 2 Kantilication Atlaintena ^{**} Farameter Access Point Farameter Access Point Actual Value in Digits ** Actual Value in Newton **	Bestellnummer		A-Adresse	2029* 2032* 2031* 2030* 2029* 2028* 2028*	Kommentar
(3) eckplatz 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 FRUFINET-1U Fort 1 Fort 1 Farameter Access Point Feedback Farameter Access Point Actual Value in Digits ** Actual Value in Pound (**	Bestellnummer	256.257 258.261 262265	A-Adresse	2029* 2032* 2031* 2030* 2029* 2028* 2028*	Kommentar Kommentar
	i) emgz491-3 Baugruppe emgz491-3 FBUTINE 1-11 Four 1 Faut 2 Kantilication Atlaintena ^{**} Farameter Access Point Farameter Access Point Actual Value in Digits ** Actual Value in Newton **	Bestellnummer		A-Adresse	2029* 2032* 2031* 2030* 2029* 2028* 2028*	Kommentar Kommentar

Parameter	
Name	Description
0x20	Output value
	0 = (A + B)/2
	$1 = \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}$
	2 = A - B
	3 = A
	4 = B





Parameter		
Name	Description	
0x21	Analog output scaling	
	Determines, at which fo maximum value of 10 V	rce the analog output outputs the '.
	Access type	R/W
	Parameter command	analog output scaling
	Data type	long (unsigned 32 bit)
	Value range	100 to 200'000'000
	Value format	######.###
	Unit	Ν
0x22	Low-pass filter analog output active	
	Switch the low-pass filte 1 = on.	er analog output on or off; 0 = off;
	Not remanent: The adju filter is switched on afte	sted value is lost on a restart! This er a restart.
	This parameter cannot I	be accessed via the web interface.
	Access type	R/W
	Parameter command	low-pass filter analog output active
	Data type	byte (unsigned 8 bit)
	Value range	0 to 1
	Value format	#
0x23	Limit frequency low-pas	s filter analog output
	Limit frequency of the lo outputted via the analog	ow-pass filter for the actual value g output.
	Access type	R/W
	Parameter command	limit frequency low-pass filter analog output
	Data type	int (unsigned 16 bit)
	Value range	1 to 2'000
	Value format	###.#
	Unit	Hz

Explanation of access types: R = Read, W = Write, R/W = Read and Write.



8 PROFINET Communication

Using acyclic data exchange, IO devices (slaves) can be parameterized, configured, or status information read out. For this purpose, read/write frames via IT standard services using UDP/IP are used.

8.1 General Function

The read/write commands can be triggered, when the controller is connected to the IO device, hence a "Connect" took place.



Figure 1: Read/Write cycle

A computer with the respective application can now request a "read" or "write" on the data model of the controller. The controller executes the read/write command via PROFINET and returns status and data to the computer.

8.2 Services and Protocols

The following services and protocols are used:

- RTC Real Time Cyclic Protocol
- RT_CLASS_1 (unsynchronized)
- R TA Real Time Acyclic Protocol
- DCP Discovery and Configuration Protocol
- DCE / RPC Distributed Computing Environment / Remote Procedure Calls, Connectionless RPC
- LLDP Link Layer Discovery Protocol
- PTCP Precision Transparent Clock Protocol
- SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol

All other services required for PROFINET are permissible as well.

The services above can be used with the EMGZ492.PNET at any time.

Further services can be used, if they do not exceed the net load in line with Net Load Class III for normal operation.



9 Web interface

You can also configure the amplifier using a PC or laptop. The PC is connected to the amplifier via a peer-to-peer connection.

9.1 Peer-to-Peer connection with laptop

For this connection, your laptop must be assigned an IP address in the static block (not obtained via DHCP).

The IP address of the amplifier is set to 192.168.000.090 at the factory.



i IP-address of PROFINET and Ethernet/IP devices

The IP address of PROFINET and Ethernet/IP devices is set to 0.0.0.0 at the factory, as these are usually configured via the PLC.

If you want to configure these devices via the web interface, you must first set the IP address manually.

Gehen Sie dafür wie folgt vor:

Schritt 1: siehe 9.2 Assign static IP-address to laptop, Seite 35.

Schritt 2: siehe 9.5 Ethernet Device Configuration Tool, Seite 43

Schritt 3: siehe 9.4 Web interface, Seite 39

9.2 Assign static IP-address to laptop

The example shows the configuration for Windows 10 (with German interface). The display may vary depending on the operating system.

- 1. connect PC and amplifier with an RJ-45 patch cable
- 2. start PC and amplifier
- 3. click on the start button of your PC (bottom left corner of your screen)

Ľ	Dokumente
	Bilder
0	Einstellungen
٢	Ein/Aus
-	😥 😫 🧿 🚍 👔



4. Click settings

5. Click network and internet

	Wind	dows-Einstellungen		
[Einstellung su	chen	Q	
cker, Maus		Telefon Android-Smartphone oder iPhone verknüpfen		Netzwerk und Internet WLAN, Flugzeugmodus, VPN

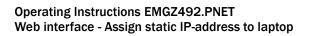
6. Select Ethernet in navigation on the left hand side of the screen

nstellungen	- 8
a Startseite Ethernet	
Einstellung suchen 0	dtedte
tswerk und Internet	Adapteroptionen andern
Ethenet Nicht verpunden	i Di anti
Status	Netzwerk- und Freigabecenter
MEAN	Windows-Firewalt
Ethernet	C Hilfe anfordem
DFU	Feedback senden
VPN -	
P Flugzeugmodus	

7. Select change adapter options

1	n 🔨 😰 > Systemsteuerung > Alle Systemsteuerungselemente > Netzwerkverbindungen >						G	Netzwerkverbindungen durchsuchen	
ja n									
	net identifiziertes Netzwerk ek PCIe GbE Family Controller		Ethernet 2 FMS.local Realtek USB GbE Family Controller	×	Ethernet 3 Netzwerkkabel wurde entfernt TAP-Windows Adapter V9			N t verbunden (R) Wi-Fi 6 AX201 160MHz	
				×	TAP-Windows Adapter V9	× dil	intel((R) Wi-Fi 6 AX201 160MHz	

- 8. select the desired adapter (of the Ethernet socket used on your laptop), here in the example: Ethernet, Unidentified network
- 9. double-click to select





llgemein				
Verbindung				- 11
IPv4-Konnektivität	:	Kein 1	Netzwerkzugriff	- 11
IPv6-Konnektivität	:	Kein 1	Netzwerkzugriff	- 11
Medienstatus:			Aktiviert	- 11
Dauer:			00:01:00	- 11
Übertragungsrate:			100,0 MBit/s	- 11
Details				
Aktivität —	endet —	- -	— Empfanger	-
Aktivität —	endet 308	-	Empfanger 0	- 1
AktivitätGes		- - tivieren		- 1

10.Select properties

	Freigabe				
Verbindu	ng herstellen i	über:			
🚅 Re	altek PCIe Gl	bE Family Contr	oller		
				Konfiguri	eren
Diese Ve	rbindung verv	vendet folgende	Elemente		
v 🍷	Client für Micr	osoft-Netzwerk	e		^
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		NDIS 6.0 Filter [Driver		
	QoS-Paketpla				
	***************************************	coll, Version 4 (1			
	Microsoft-Mur Microsoft-LLD	tiplexorprotokoll P-Traiber	fur Netzw	erkadapter	
<	MICIOSOIL-LLL	/i - meibei			>
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	llieren	Deinstallier	en	Eigensch	aften
Beschr					
		ardprotokoll für \ er verschiedene			
	erke ermöglic				
			OK		brechen

11. Internet protocoll, Version 4 (CP/IPv4)





enschaften von Internetprotoko	.,
Igemein	
	h zugewiesen werden, wenn das t. Wenden Sie sich andernfalls an den gneten IP-Einstellungen zu beziehen.
O IP-Adresse automatisch bezieh	ien
Folgende IP-Adresse verwend	en:
IP-Adresse:	192.168.0.88
Subnetzmaske:	255.255.255.0
Standardgateway:	
ODNS-Serveradresse automatis	ch beziehen
Folgende DNS-Serveradresser	verwenden:
Bevorzugter DNS-Server:	
Alternativer DNS-Server:	
Einstellungen beim Beenden ü	berprüfen
	Erweitert
	OK Abbrechen

- 12. activate "Use the following IP address"
- 13. please check with your IT department which address you may enter here.
- 14. enter an IP address here.
- 15. Subnet mask is filled in automatically
- 16. confirm with OK.
- **17**. the laptop is now ready to communicate with the amplifier.

9.3 Connect device with laptop

- 1. open any web browser: Microsoft Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, Edge, Chrome, or similar...
- 2. the factory setting for the IP address of the amplifier is 192.168.0.90.
- 3. if nothing has been changed, enter this IP address in the input field (e.g. http://192.16800.90) and confirm with "Enter".



the user interface of the web interface appears.



9.4 Web interface

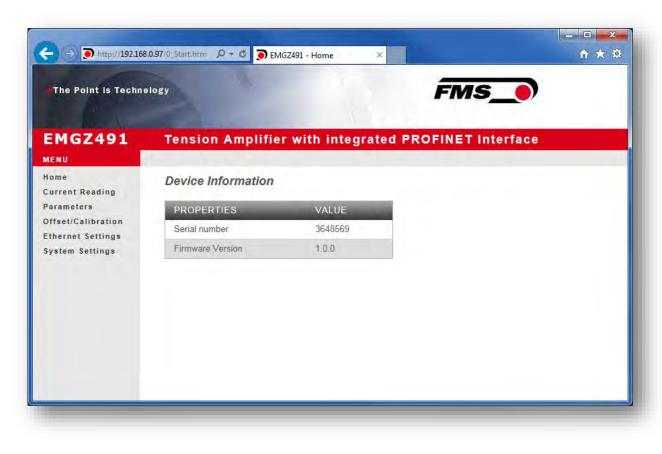


Figure 9: Home

FMS

The Home page provides information about general device properties such as the serial number and software version.

The menu on the left-hand side of the screen allows you to navigate around the page.

The Point is Techne	9.0.97/4_ShowLiveV 🔎 – 🖒 🅤 E	MGZ491 - Current Reading 🛛 🖌	FMS_	î ★
EMGZ491	Tension Amplifi	er with integrated PR	OFINET Interface	
Home Current Reading	Current Reading			
Parameters	PROPERTIES	VALUE		
Offset/Calibration Ethernet Settings	Tension	960.7 N		
	Output	9.60 V		
Ethernet Settings System Settings	Jan 2 - 2 - 2	1112-0-1		

Figure 10: Current Reading

The Current Reading web page displays all current values of the amplifier. The first line Tension shows the tension measured at the input in the set unit of measurement. The second line Output shows the output voltage in volts.

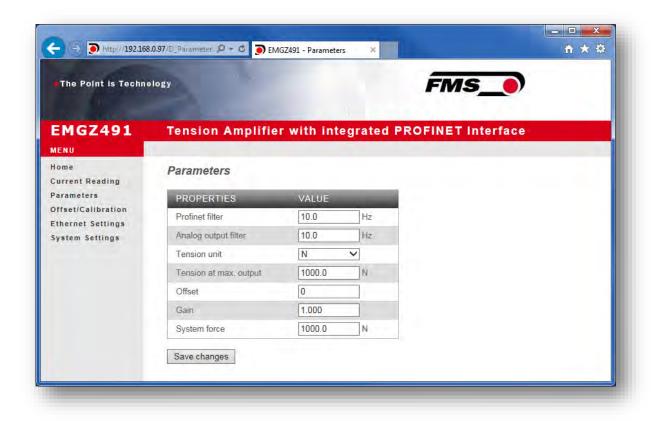


Figure 11: Parameters

The Parameters page offers the option of configuring the amplifier via the web interface.

The parameters "Low-pass filter active" and "Low-pass filter analog output active" cannot be accessed via the web interface.

The Point is Technology	ology		FMS_	
EMGZ491	Tension Amplifier	with integrate	d PROFINET Inte	rface
MENU Iome Current Reading	Offset / Calibration			
Parameters Offset/Calibration		Ser	isor	and the second se
thernet Settings	OFFS	ET	CALIBR	ATION
System Settings	PROPERTIES	VALUE	PROPERTIES	VALUE
	Tension	960.8 N	Tension	960.8 N
	Offset	Ū	Gain	1.000
			System Force	1000.0 N
			Weight	1000.0 N
	Adjust Offset			Calibrate Gain

FMS



Figure 12: Offset/Calibration

The Offset/Calibration page is available for adjusting the amplifier. This page can be used to adjust the offset and then perform the calibration.

These functions are also available via the PLC. If the values for offset and gain are known, they can also be assigned directly to the corresponding parameters.



The Point is Technology	əlogy	FMS_	
EMGZ491	Tension Amplifier	with integrated PROFINET Interfa	ice
lome Current Reading	Ethernet Settings		
Parameters	PROPERTIES	VALUE	
Offset/Calibration Ethernet Settings	Device MAC address	00-02-a2-37-ac-36	
System Settings	Port 1 MAC address	00-02-a2-37-ac-37	
	Port 2 MAC address	00-02-a2-37-ac-38	
	Board Port MAC address	00-02-a2-37-ac-39	
	Board Port IP address	192,168,0.90	
	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	

Figure 13: Ethernet settings

This page shows the current TCP/IP configuration. It cannot be changed via the web interface, only read.

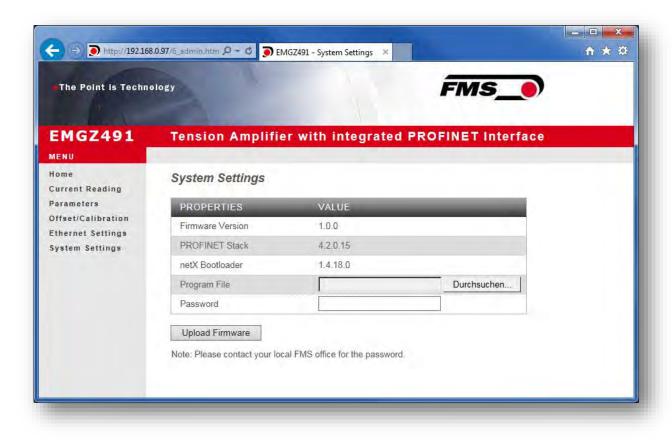


Figure 14: System-Einstellungen

The internal firmware version can be viewed on the System Settings page. New firmware can also be loaded here.

Current firmware files can be found in the download area on our website.

9.5 Ethernet Device Configuration Tool

To change the IP address on the amplifier, use the free "Ethernet Device Configuration" program. It can be downloaded here free of charge.

https://www.fms-technology.com/en/downloadcenter/profinet

If you accidentally change the IP address during configuration in the PLC, you can use this software to find the device again in the network environment at any time.

The following steps were created with PROFINET device. The views for Ethernet/IP may differ.

1. start the program via the icon on the desktop





- 2. press «search devices»
- 3. a list of all devices is displayed

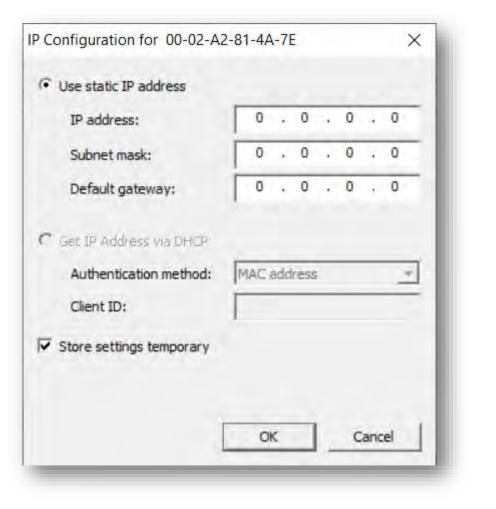
evices Online	Find:		next	previous	;
MAC Address	Device Type	Device Name	IP Address	Protocol	D
00-02-A2-81-4A-7E	Tension Amplifier EMGZ492	-not set -	0.0.0.0	DCP	0
c					3

- 4. select the line with the corresponding device
- 5. press the "Configure" and "Set IP address..." button

Configure	V
	Signal
	Set IP Address
-	Set Device Name
A	Reset to factory defaults

6. if you only want to save the changes temporarily - until the measuring amplifier is restarted - activate the "Store settings temporarily" button



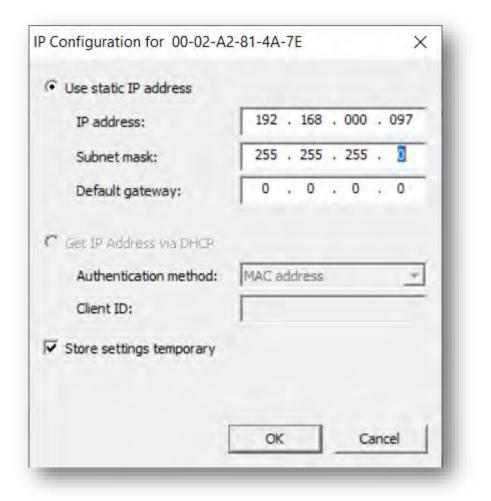


7. enter the desired IP address and set the subnet mask to 255.255.255.0

45

FMS





8. Press OK to store the changes



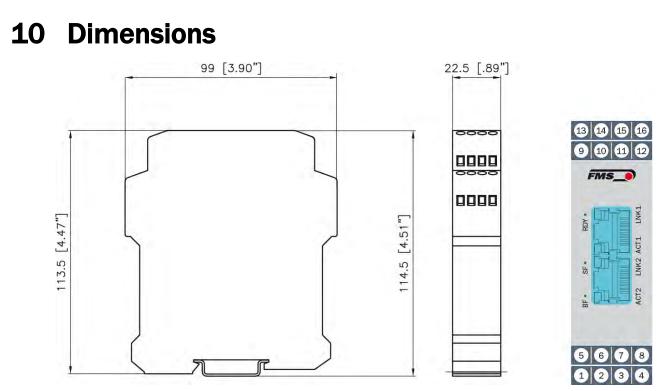


Figure 15: EMGZ492.R.PNET housing for DIN rail mounting

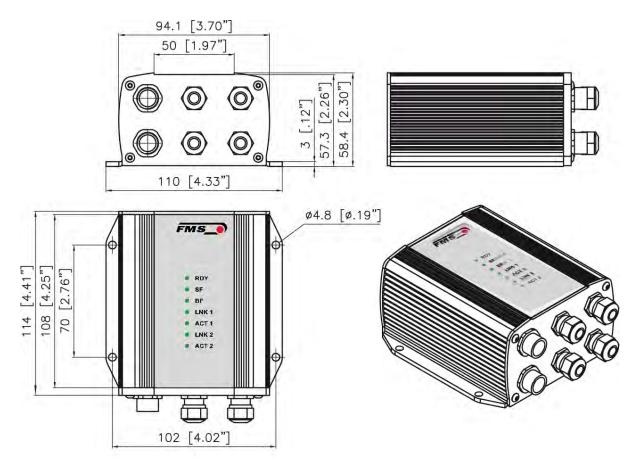


Figure 16: EMGZ492.W.PNET housing for wall mounting

FMS





Technische Daten					
Number of channels	2 channels for 2 or 4 force sensors				
	2 force sensors for left / signal processing of a single measuring roller				
	4 force sensors for individual processing of 2 measuring rollers, with 2 force sensors each				
Excitation voltage	5 VDC				
Sensor feedback	± 9 mV (max. 12.5 mV)				
signal	Option V05 ± 2.5 mV				
A/D converter resolution	± 32'768 Digit (16 Bit)				
D/A converter resolution	0 bis 4'096 (12 Bit)				
Measuring inaccuracy	< 0.05 % FS				
Connector for interface	EMGZ 492.R: 2 x RJ-45				
	EMGZ 492.W: 2 x M 12 4-pole, D-coded				
Configuration	via PROFINET IO or web server				
Protection class	IP 20 (.R Version)				
	IP 65 (.W Version)				
Power supply	24 VDC (18 to 36 VDC) / 5 W				
Power consumption	5 W				
Temperature range	-10 to +50 °C (14 to 122 °F)				
Weight	370 g / 0.82 lbs (.R Version);				
	470 g / 1.04 lbs (.W Version)				
Applied standards	The device is foreseen to be used in industrial electromagnetic environment.				
	IEC 61326-2-3:2020				
	IEC 61326-2-3:2012 (ed.2) IEC 61326-1:2012 (ed.2)				
	IEC 61326-1:2012 (ed.2) IEC 61326-1:2020 (ed.3)				
	IEC 61000-6-2:2016				
	IEC 61000-6-3:2020				



Remote Flash Update

Multiple Application

Web service

PROFINET IO

specification Certification

Relation

PROFINET characteristic	CS
Cycle time	0.5 ms for RT_CLASS_3, 1 ms for RT_CLASS_1
Baud rate	100 Mbit /s
Topology recognition	LLDP, SNMP V1, Physical Device Record Objects
Cyclic process data	For channels A and B individually: Actual value in digits (ADC); actual value in (N); actual value in (lbf); actual value in configured unit; status. Actual value sum (A + B); actual value difference $ A - B $; mean value (A + B)/2
Acyclic process data	Read and Write Record Service
Ring redundancy	Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP) – Client
Supported protocols	RTC Real Time Cyclic Protocol, RT_CLASS_3 (synchronized); RT_CLASS_1 (unsynchronized); RTA Real Time Acyclic Protocol; DCP Discovery and Configuration Protocol; DCE/RPC Distributed Computing Environment /Remote Procedure Calls: Connectionless RPC; LLDP Link Layer Discovery Protocol; PTCP Precision Transparent Clock Protocol; SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol
Identification & Maintenance	Reading and Writing of I & M1-3. Reading of I & M5.
IRT Support	Yes, RT_CLASS_3, synchronous with network clock
Additionally supported features	VLAN- and priority tagging

Flash update routine for the upload of software updates

V 2.3, legacy startup of specification V 2.2 is supported

Configuration, measuring data queries via http

PNIO version V 2.34, net load class: CLASS III,

(alternative configuration via PROFINET)

1 IO-AR; 1 Supervisory AR

conformance class (CC-C)

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