



Operating Manual

EMGZ480

EMGZ480.M16

Digital microprocessor controlled Tension Measuring
Amplifier with integrated CAN-BUS® interface

Operating Manual Version 1.10 10/2007 ff

Firmware Version 1.01

GSD Version 1.00 08/06

This operating manual is also available in German.
Please contact your local representative.

Diese Bedienungsanleitung ist auch in Deutsch erhältlich.
Bitte kontaktieren Sie die Vertretung im zuständigen Land.

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1 Safety Instructions

1.1 Warnings

a) High danger of health injury or loss of life



Danger

This symbol refers to high risk for persons to get health injury or loss life. Instructions have to be followed strictly.

b) Risk of damage of machines



Caution

This symbol refers to information, that, if ignored, could cause heavy mechanical damage. This warning has to be followed absolutely.

c) Note for proper function



Note

This symbol refers to important information about proper use of the device. If not followed, malfunction can be the result.

1.2 List of Safety Instructions

- ⚠ The functionality of the Tension Measuring Amplifier is only guaranteed, if the components and their application are used as recommended by FMS. Arrangements other than the one recommended here can cause heavy malfunction. The installation instructions on the following pages must strictly be followed.
- ⚠ Local installation regulations are to preserve safety of electric equipment. They are not taken into consideration by this operating manual. However, they have to be strictly followed.
- ⚠ Improper handling may damage the fragile electronic equipment! Don't use rough tools such as screwdrivers or pliers! Operators handling the processor board must wear a well earthed bracelet in order to discharge static electricity.
- ⚠ Bad earth ground connection may cause electric shock to persons, malfunction of the total system or damage of the electronic unit! It is vital to ensure that proper ground connection is done.

2 Definitions

CAN (Controller Area Network): CAN is an asynchronous, serial bus system. It was designed to reduce wires in cable harnesses. The CAN bus system works according the Carrier Sense Multiple Access / Collision Avoidance System. It's a very reliable system that is used in large numbers in the automotive industry since 1989.

Offset: Correction value for compensation of the roller or pulley weight. The offset adjustment ensures that a force of 0N will generate a signal of 0V exactly.

Gain: Amplification factor for the measuring signal. The proper value will set the measuring range of the sensor to the corresponding output range of the signal.

3 System Components

An EMGZ480/EMGZ480.M16 system consists of the following components (refer to Fig. 1 and Fig. 2):

Force sensors

- For mechanical/electrical conversion of the tension force
- Force measuring bearing
- *Force measuring roller*
- *Force measuring journal*

Electronic unit EMGZ480

- Supplying 1 or 2 force sensors
- With integrated CAN-BUS interface for operation and parametrisation
- Operates as CAN Open CiA-DS 301 Slave
- One analogue output
- Wall mounting version

Electronic unit EMGZ480.M16

- Optimised for rotating applications (M16 connector)
- Supplying 1 or 2 force sensors
- With integrated CAN-BUS interface for operation and parametrisation
- Operates as CAN Open CiA-DS 301 Slave
- Wall mounting version

CAN-BUS master computer

- For operation of the electronic unit EMGZ480 / EMGZ480.M16
- Operates as CAN Open CiA-DS 301 Master
- Any master computer or PLC suitable

(*Italic text indicates a variant or option*)

4 System Description

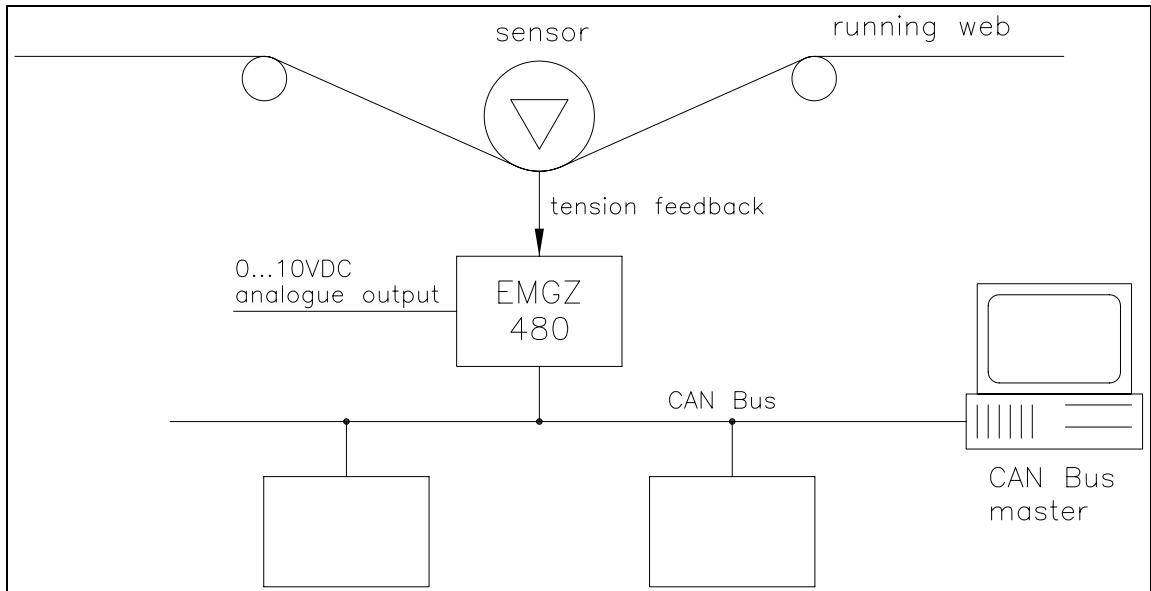


Fig. 1: Basic application of the EMGZ480 Tension Measuring Amplifier

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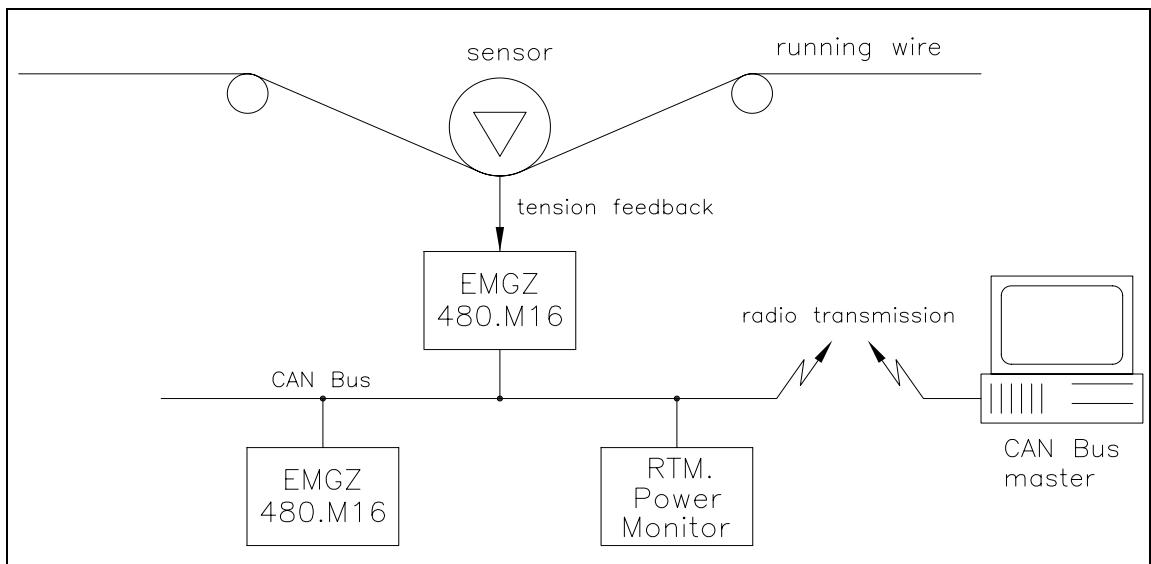


Fig. 2: Basic application of the EMGZ480.M16 Tension Measuring Amplifier with wireless data transmission

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4.1 Functional Description

The force measuring sensor gathers the tension force in the material and transmits the value as a mV signal to the electronic unit. There the mV signal is amplified and conditioned depending on the chosen configuration. The resulting feedback value can be read by the CAN-BUS master. The application dependent calculations are done by the CAN-BUS master.

4.2 Force Sensor

The force measuring sensors base on the flexion or dual flexion beam principle. The flexion in the sensor body is measured by strain gauges as a mV signal. In order to minimize the power supply influence to the strain gauges Wheatstone Bridge and achieve a clean and accurate amplification, the force sensors are supplied with a very stable, controlled supply voltage.

4.3 Electronic Unit EMGZ480, EMGZ480.M16

General Information

A microprocessor in the electronic unit handles all calculation and communication tasks. The electronic unit contains a signal amplifier with a highly accurate sensor power supply section. The integrated CAN-BUS interface block handles the CAN-Bus protocol. EMGZ480 and EMGZ480.M16 can process the signals of two force sensors (sum signal).

Strain Gauge Amplifier

The strain gauge amplifier section provides the highly accurate 5V DC supply voltage for one or two force measuring sensors. A highly accurate, fixed difference amplifier raises the mV signal to the Volt-range (up to 10V). This signal is fed to 14-Bit A/D converter. The microprocessor conditions the signal and calculates all application specific parameters like Offset, Gain, Filter and Limit values. The digitalised signal can then be read by the CAN-BUS master.

CAN-BUS Interface

The EMGZ480 and EMGZ480.M16 operate the CAN Open / CiA-DS 301 interface. The interface is galvanically isolated.

Operation

The entire parameter setting is done over the CAN-BUS. Parameters and settings are stored in a none-volatile memory, completely fail-safe

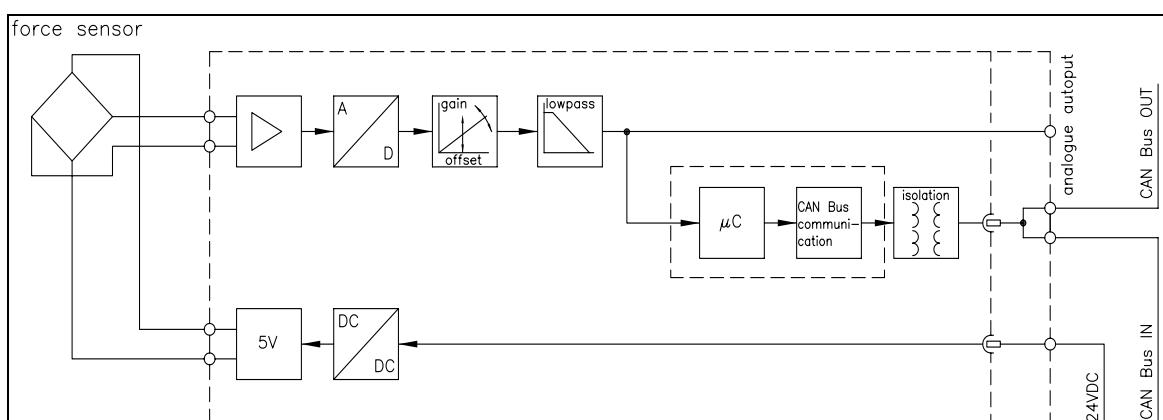


Fig. 3: Block Diagram EMGZ480

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5 Quick Installation Guide

- Collect and check all your requirements such as: Configuration of the CAN-BUS interface (address number, data format, Baudrate, PDO cycle time, termination, etc), calibration mode (ref. to „8. Calibrating the measuring amplifier“).
- Draw your final wiring diagram according to FMS recommendations (refer to „7. Installation and wiring“)
- Install and wire all your components (refer to „7. 4 Installation and wiring“)
- Set your parameters in the CAN-BUS master computer (ref. to „10. Specification of the CAN-BUS interface“)
- Put EMGZ480 measuring amplifier into operation and calibrate it by means of CAN-BUS (refer to „8. Calibrating the measuring amplifier“)
- Turn system on and proceed with a test run with low speed
- If required, activate additional application-specific functions of the CAN-BUS master computer (DP master)



Note

If a real-time control loop is implemented with the CAN-BUS, you must ensure that the application-specific CAN-BUS protocol is time wise short enough to provide sufficient control dynamics.

6 Dimensions

6.1 Dimensions EMGZ480

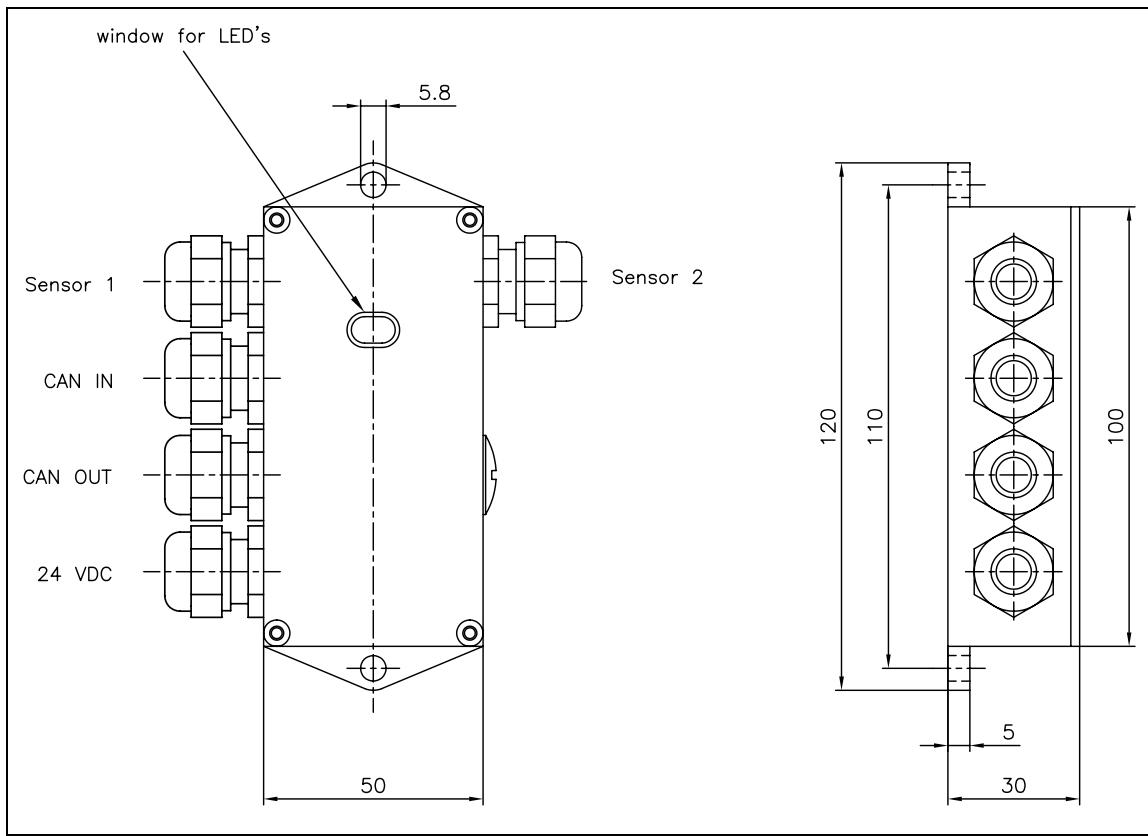


Fig. 4: Outline drawing EMGZ480

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6.2 Dimensions EMGZ480.M16

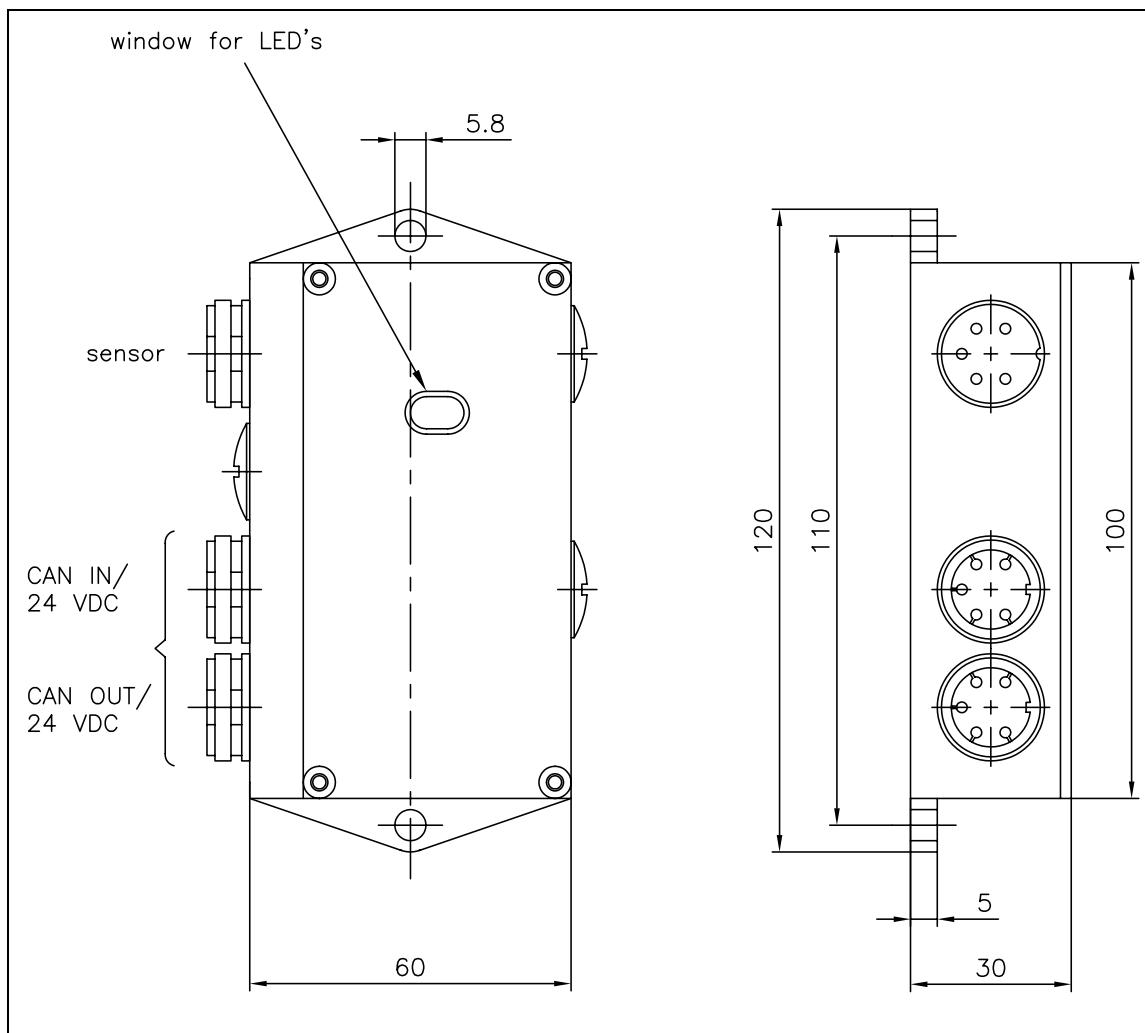


Fig. 5: Outline drawing EMGZ480.M16

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EMGZ480 and EMGZ480.M16 come in robust and resilient aluminium housing. They were designed to work under the most stringent environmental conditions. The sealed housing is rated for a protection class of IP68.

7 Installation and Wiring

7.1 Mounting the Force Sensors

For mounting the force measuring sensors please consult the respective installation manual. The manual is always delivered together with the sensor. In rotating applications it is recommended mounting the Force Measuring Sensors as close as possible to the rotation axis.



Note

In rotating applications the force measuring sensors are mounted such that centrifugal forces are compensated. Using FMS RMGZ sensors this can be achieved by turning the Red Point parallel to the rotation axis and in direction of the positive force component (refer to Fig. 6).



Caution

It is of paramount importance to compensate the centrifugal forces caused by the rotating base plate of the strander. The measuring results will be wrong, if this rule is broken

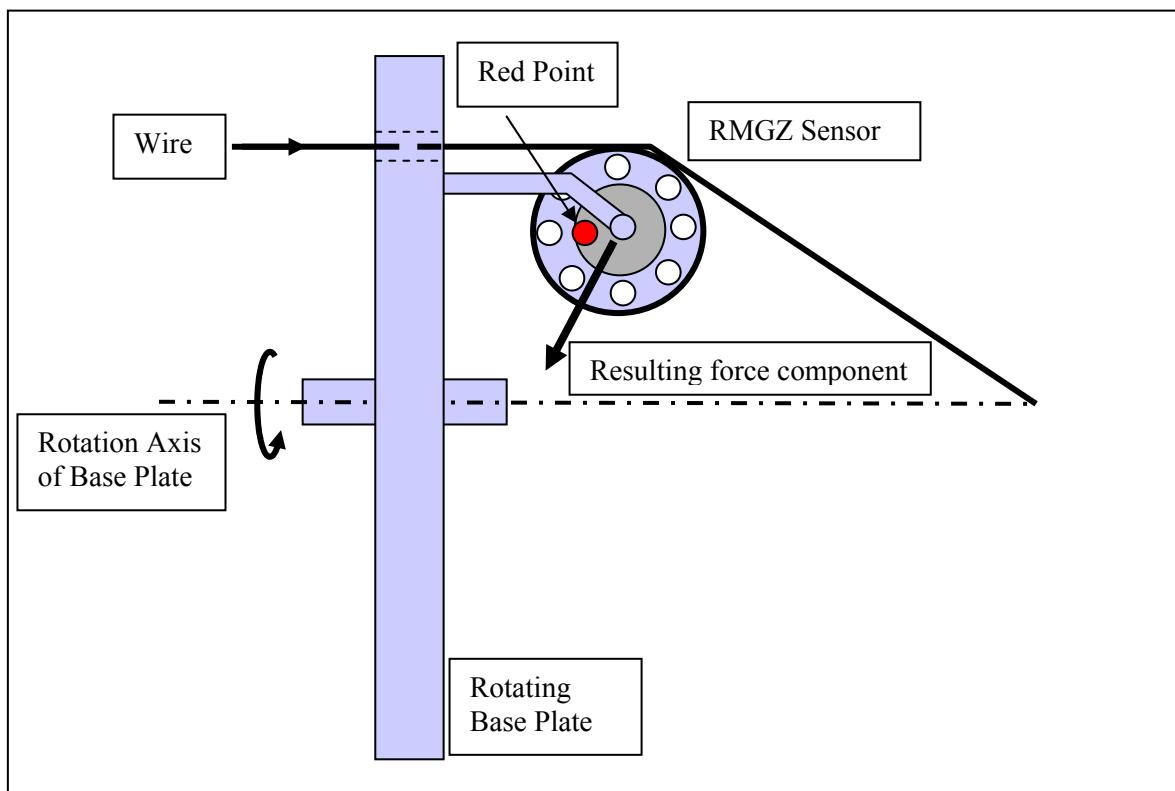


Fig. 6: RMGZ Red Point alignment in strander applications

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7.2 Mounting the Measuring Amplifier

We recommend mounting the Measuring Amplifier EMGZ480/480.M16 as close as possible to the Force Measuring Sensor



Caution

Improper handling may damage the fragile electronic equipment! Don't use rough tools such as screwdrivers or pliers! Operators handling the processor board must wear a well earthed bracelet in order to discharge static electricity.

7.3 Connector Configuration and Setting Elements

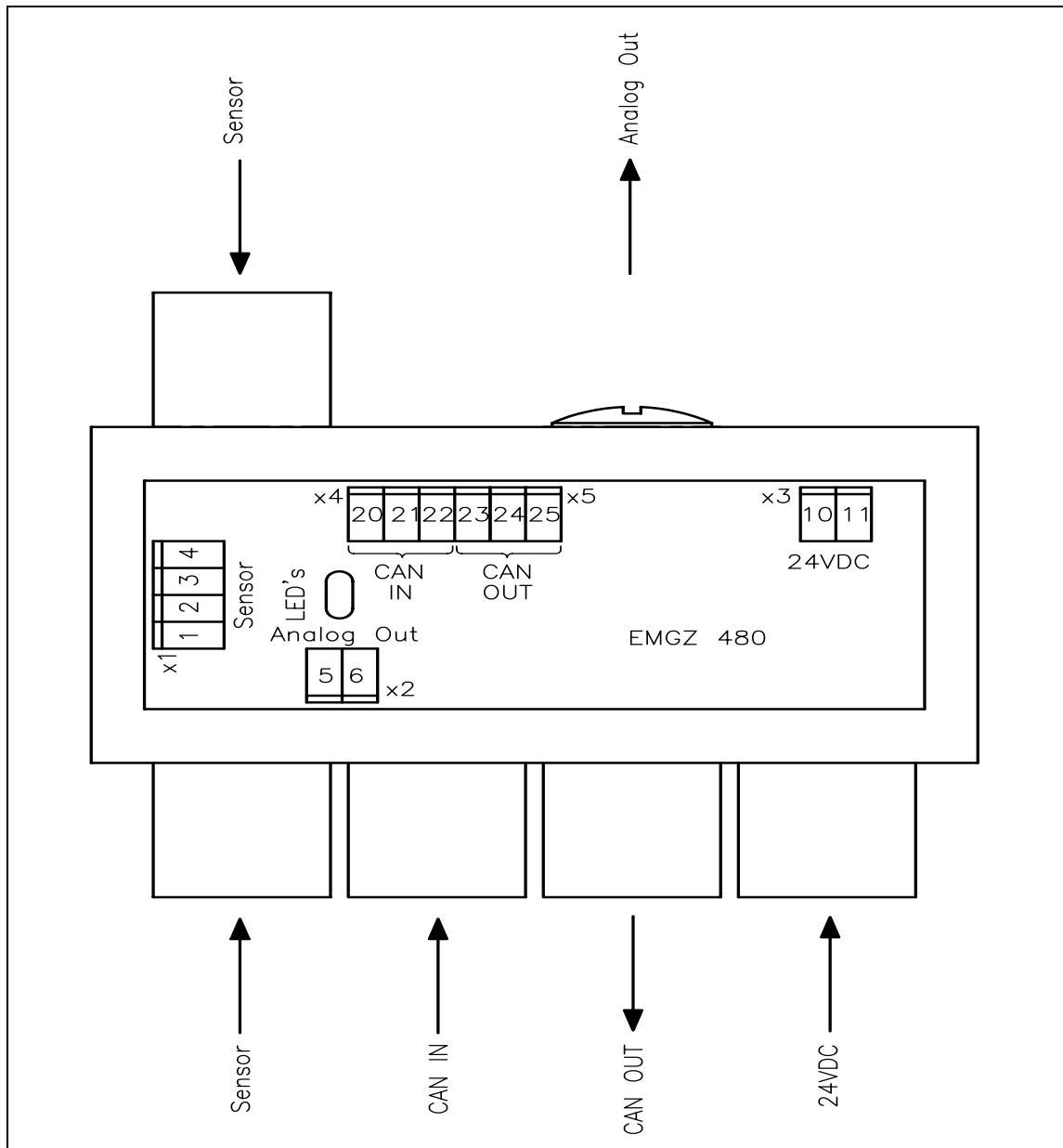


Fig. 7: Connector configuration, setting (jumpers) EMGZ480

EMGZ480016e

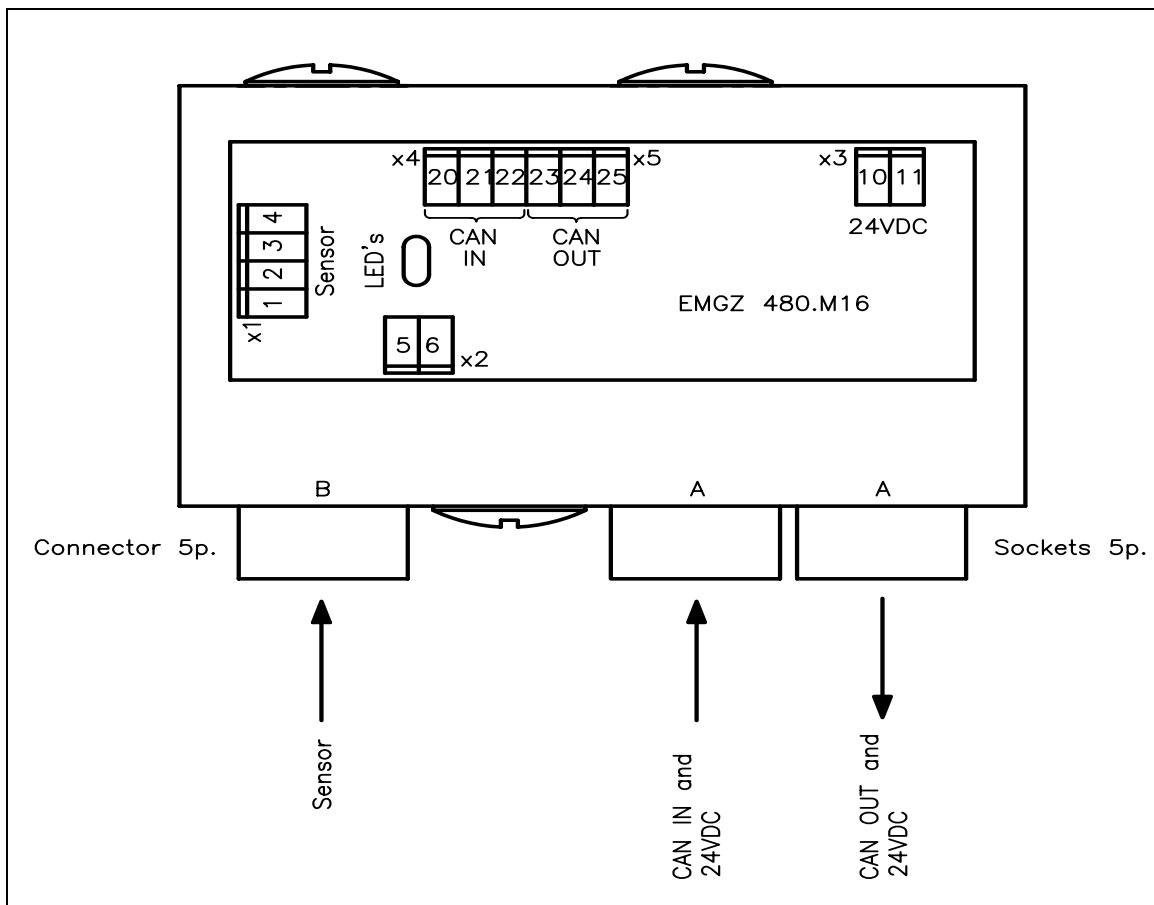


Fig. 8: Connector configuration, settings (jumpers) EMGZ480.M16 EMGZ480018



Note

The CAN-BUS network must be terminated properly. Otherwise the installation cannot be set into operation. It has to be ensured that only the last device of the CAN-BUS chain is terminated.

7.4 Wiring Diagrams

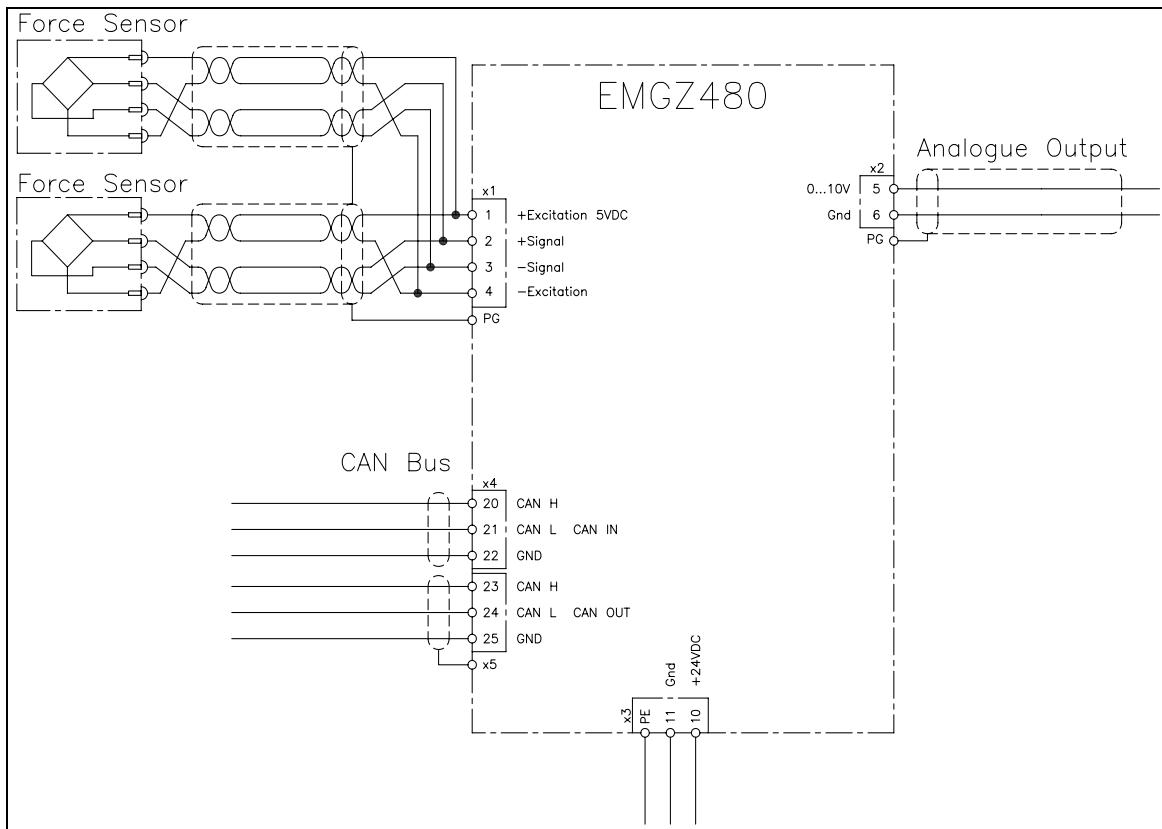


Fig. 9: Wring Diagram EMGZ480

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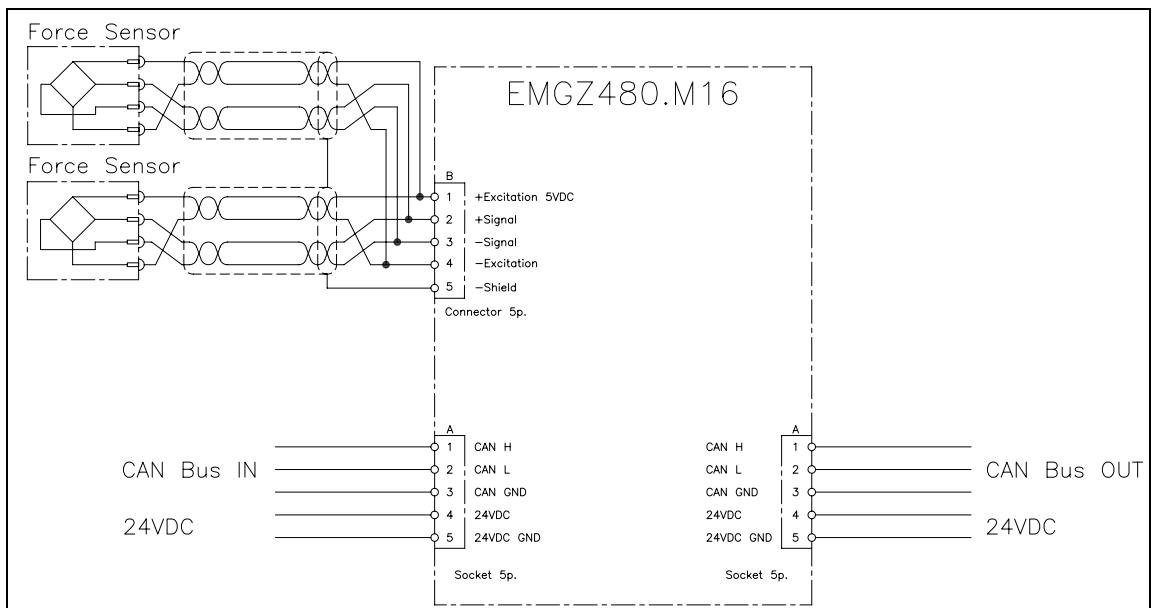


Fig. 10: Wring Diagram EMGZ480.M16

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Note

The connection of the shield must be done as indicated in our wiring diagram. The shield should be connected only to the measuring amplifier side. At the force sensor side, the shield should stay open. Other arrangements may cause ground/earth loops which may interfere with the measuring signal.

Wiring of the CAN-BUS cables

CAN-BUS devices must be connected with standardised cables of the type (1x2x0.34 mm²) [AWG 22] or 2x2x0.25mm² [AWG 23] shielded 2 twisted pairs cables.

EMGZ480: The cables are assembled as shown in Fig. 11 and connected to the terminals on the amplifier board. Special attention must be paid to the shield and its connection.

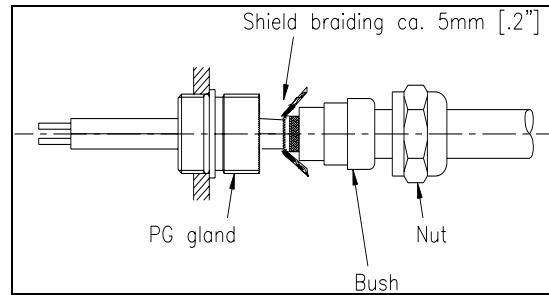


Fig. 11: Assembly of CAN-BUS cables
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EMGZ480.M16: The cables are delivered by FMS already with M16 connectors on both sides for easy assembly. For the EMGZ480.M16 amplifier version cables of the type 2x2x0.25 mm² [AWG 23] shielded 2 twisted pairs are used.



Caution

The functionality of the Tension Measuring Amplifier is only guaranteed, if the components and their application are used as recommended by FMS. Arrangements other than the one recommended here can cause heavy malfunction. The installation instructions on the following pages must strictly be followed.



Caution

Local installation regulations are to preserve safety of electric equipment. They are not taken into consideration by this operating manual. However, they have to be strictly followed.



Caution

Bad earth ground connection may cause electric shock to persons, malfunction of the total system or damage of the electronic unit! It is vital to ensure that proper ground connection is done.

8 Calibrating the Measuring Amplifier

To get correct measuring values, offset and gain have to be set before putting the device into operation. There are several methods to do this:

8.1 Simulating Method, Calibration with the PLC or PC

The following instructions are referring to a setup and calibration inside the machine. The material tension will be simulated by a weight (Fig. 12). Offset and Gain calibration is done in the PLC or the master computer.

Checking the Force Measuring Sensor

- Connect Force Measuring Sensor to the EMGZ480 amplifier (ref. to 7.4 "Wiring Diagram").
- Check whether a load in the processing direction results in a positive signal. If the output is negative, change the wires *+signal* and *-signal* in the amplifier.
- If a second Force Measuring Sensor is required, repeat previous point.

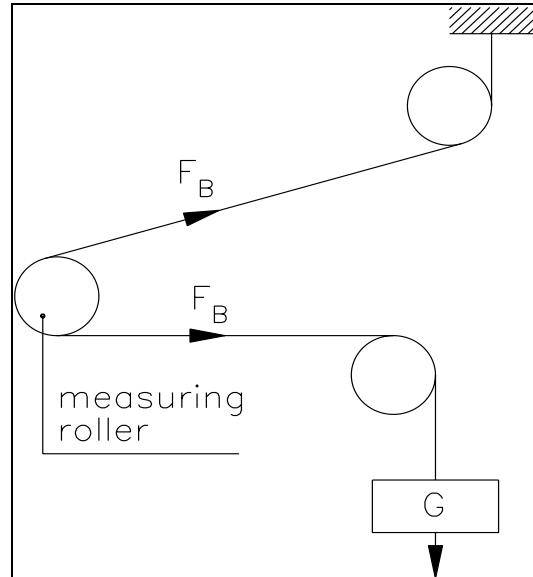


Fig. 12: Calibrating the measuring amplifier
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Offset Compensation

- Align Force Measuring Sensor in the intended operation direction (red point).
- Insert material or a rope loosely to the machine.
- Find with CAN-BUS object 2051h the offset value. The measuring amplifier calculates automatically the offset value.
- The found value is stored in the object 2001h *Offset* in [Digit].

Gain Determination

- Load material or rope with a defined weight (Fig. 12). The roller configuration must correspond to the real configuration in the machine (wrap angle, distance of the rollers etc.)
- Enter the force in [N] or [lbs] corresponding to the used weight in the CAN-BUS object 2052h. This will initiate the calibration process.
- The calculated Gain value is stored in the parameter CAN-BUS object 2002h *Gain*.

8.2 Mathematical Method

If the material tension cannot be simulated with weights as described in paragraph 8.1, the calibration has to be done by calculation. This way of calibrating is less accurate because the exact angles are often unknown. The actual mounting conditions, which usually deviate from the ideal world, can also not be taken into account.

Mathematical base for calculating the Gain factor:

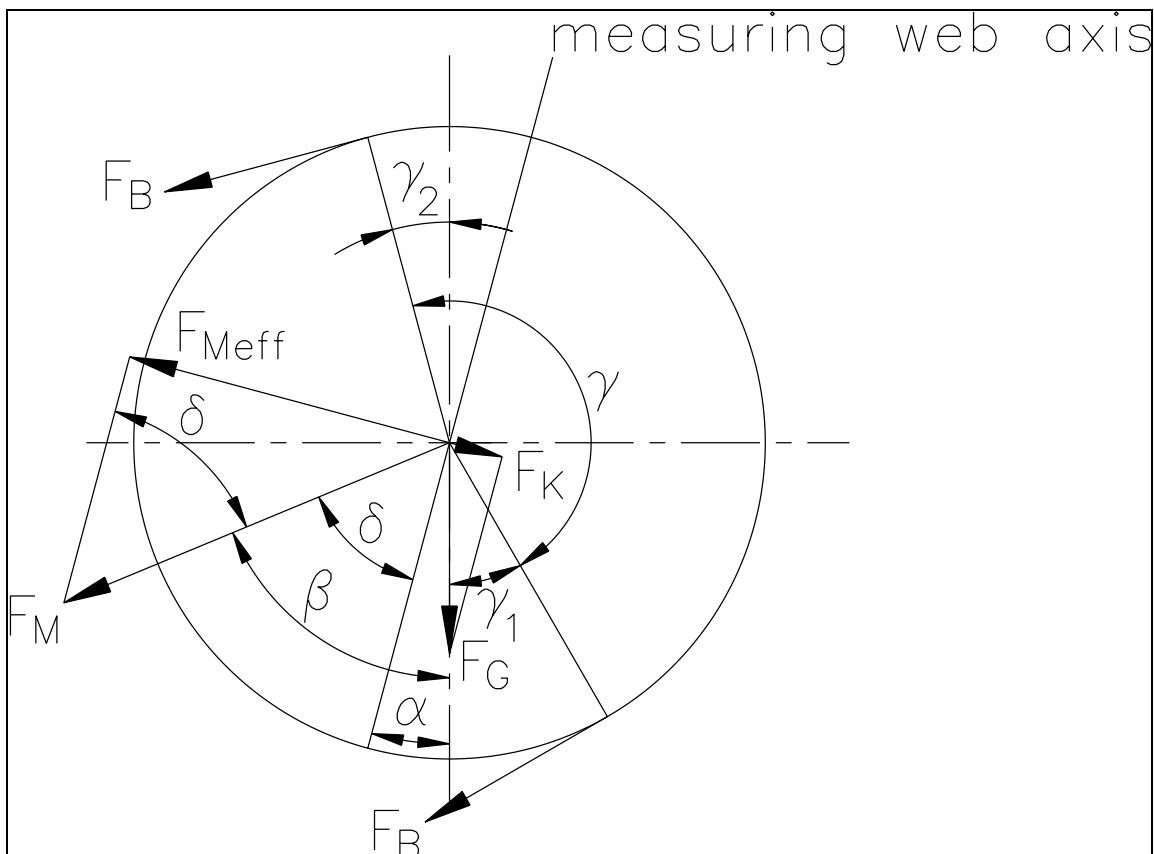


fig. 13: Force vectors in the FMS force measuring bearing

C431012e

$$\text{GainFactor} = \frac{1}{\sin \delta \cdot \sin (\gamma / 2) \cdot n}$$

Definition of symbols:

α	angle between vertical and measuring web axis	F_B	material tension
β	angle between vertical and F_M	F_G	roller weight
γ	wrap angle of material	F_M	measuring force resulting from F_B
γ_1	entry angle of material	F_{Meff}	effective measuring force
γ_2	exit angle of material	n	number of force sensors
δ	Angle between measuring web axis and F_M		

Example:

- Please do the offset adjustment as described in „8.1. Simulating Method, Calibration with PLC or PC“.
- Calculate the Gain factor using the formula above.
- Enter the calculated Gain value in the parameter CAN-BUS object 2002h *Gain*.
- Offset and Gain are now fail safe stored in the measuring amplifier.

8.3 Scaling of Analogue Output

The analogue output in the EMGZ480 (see schematics in Fig.9) can be scaled to any nominal force. E.g. 500N must correspond to 10V the maximal output signal of the amplifier.

- Calibrate sensor and amplifier as shown in “8.1. Simulating Method, Calibration with the PLC or PC”.
- Enter the nominal force that should correspond to the maximum output of the amplifier in CAN-BUS object 2040h.
- The value has 4 digits. The decimal point depends on the CAN-BUS Object 2003h *“Force of sensor”*.
- The scaling factor is now fail safe stored in the measuring amplifier.

8.4 Configuring the Lowpass Filter

The lowpass filter in the EMGZ480/480.M16 suppresses faulty signal variations that may be caused by unbalanced rollers, vibrations of the machine, or similar instances. Signal variations that are faster than the cut-off frequency of the filter are suppressed. The lowpass filter is configured by setting the cut-off frequency and its filter order. The table below shows the value that has to be sent to CAN-BUS object 2005h.

Lowpass filter cut-off frequency	Setting value for filter of 1 st order	Setting value for filter of 2 nd order
(Filter OFF)	00h	00h
1 Hz	43h	C3h
2 Hz	44h	C4h
5 Hz	45h	C5h
10 Hz	46h	C6h
20 Hz	47h	C7h
50 Hz	48h	C8h
100 Hz	49h	C9h



Note

If the cut-off frequency is set too low, the output signal will become sluggish. In such a case it could happen that the feedback value is no longer suitable for control loop applications. The best trade off for the cut-off frequency must be found by considering the control loop limitations.

9 Parameter Setting

9.1 List of System Parameters

Parameter	Unit	Min	Max	Default
Language	German, English			-
Unit-System	Metric or US standard			Metric
Baud-rate	kBit	50, 100, 125, 250		250
Cycle time PDO	[ms]	50, 100, 200, 500		100

9.2 List of Parameter EMGZ 480 / 480.M16

Parameter	Unit	Min	Max	Default
Offset	[Digit]	-8000	8000	0
Gain	[-]	0.100	32.000	1.000
Force of Sensor	[N, kN, cN]	1	9999	1000
Unit of Sensor	[N, cN, kN] or [lb, clb, klb]			N
Lowpass output	[Hz]	0.1	200.0	50.0
Limit Value 1 min or max	Min, Max			Min
Limit Value 1	1)	2)		0
Limit Value 2 min or max	Min, Max			Max
Limit Value 2	1)	2)		0
Scaling Analogue Output	1)	2)		0

¹⁾ If unit-system Metric = [N, cN, kN] / If unit-system US standard = [lb, clb, klb]

²⁾ A force value can be entered. The value must contain 4 digits. The decimal point depends from the parameter *Nom. Force of Sensor*



Note

Wrong parameter settings can cause malfunctions during operation. Prior to commissioning the configuration of the system (parameter setting) must be done conscientiously.

9.3 Description of the System Parameters

The system parameters can be read or written with the CAN-BUS Objects

Language

Use:	This parameter determines the display language on the CAN-Master (e.g. PC or PLC)
Range:	English, German
CAN Object:	2080h

Default: English

Measuring system

Use:	This parameter indicates the measuring system that will be displayed. If it is set to <i>metric</i> , all force values are shown in [N, cN, kN]. If it is set to <i>US standard</i> , all force values are shown in [lb, clb, klb].
Range:	Metric, US standard
CAN Object:	2081h

Default: Metric

Baudrate

Use:	This parameter sets the speed of the CAN-BUS interface. If this parameter is changed the electronic unit must be reset (power off – on).
Range:	50, 100, 125, 250
CAN Object:	2082h

Default: 250

Unit: [kBit]

Cycle time PDO

Use:	The parameter determines the cycle time (frequency) of the PDO transmission in the CAN-BUS interface. If this parameter is changed the electronic unit must be reset (power off – on).
Range:	50, 100, 200, 500
CAN Object:	2083h

Default: 100

Unit: [ms]

9.4 Description of Parameters EMGZ480 / 480.M16

Offset

Use: This parameter stores the value determined by the CAN-Object 2051
Find offset in [Digit].

Range: -8000 to 8000 **Default:** 0
Increment: 1 **Unit:** [Digit]
CAN Object: 2001h

Gain

Use: This parameter stores the value determined with the CAN Object 2052
Calibration. If the material tension cannot be simulated, you can also enter a calculated value using the formulas in „8.2 Mathematical Method (Module 1 only)“

Range: 0.100 to 32.000 **Default:** 1.000
Increment: 0.001 **Unit:** [-]
CAN Object: 2002h

Force of sensor

Use: This parameter stores the nominal force of the sensor. This value can be found on the label of the force sensor.

Range: 1 to 9999 **Default:** 1000
Increment: 1 **Unit:** [N, kN, cN]
CAN Object: 2003h **?** **[lb, clb, klb]**

Unit of sensor

Use: This parameter stores the measuring unit of the sensor.

Range: N, kN, cN **Default:** N
CAN Object: 2004h

Lowpass output

Use: The electronic unit contains a low-pass filter to prevent noise from interfere with the output signal. This parameter determines the cut off frequency of the filter. The lower the cut off frequency, the more sluggish the signal on the output terminals will be. Due to this filter, the output signal will be much more stable irrespective of the fluctuations of the force value.

Range: 0.1 to 200.0 **Default:** 50.0
Increment: 0.1 **Unit:** [Hz]
CAN Object: 2005h

Limit value 1 min or max

Use: Through this CAN-BUS object the minimum or maximum limits of the parameter „*Limit value 1*“ can be configured. In the CAN-BUS Object 6508.1 the status of the *Limit value 1* can be seen.

Range: Min, Max **Default:** Min
CAN Object: 2006h

Limit value 1

Use: CAN-BUS Object 6508.1 „*Limit value 1*“ is activated, if the defined threshold value is over- or under-run (irrespective of the parameter *Limit value 1 min or max*). This threshold value can be set with this CAN-BUS Object. If the parameter is set to 0, the limit value monitoring is deactivated.

Range: A force value can be entered. The decimal point is dependent on the CAN-BUS Object 2003h (*Force of sensor*) and the unit on the CAN-BUS Object 2004h (*Unit of force*).

Default: 0 **Unit:** [N, kN, cN] or [lb, klb, clb]
CAN Object: 2007h

Limit value 2 min or max

Use: Through this CAN-BUS object the minimum or maximum limits of the parameter „*Limit value 2*“ can be configured. In the CAN-BUS Object 6508.2 the status of the *Limit value 2* can be seen.

Range: Min, Max **Default:** Max
CAN Object: 2008h

Limit value 2

Use:	CAN-BUS Object 6508.2 „ <i>Limit value 2</i> “ is activated, if the defined threshold value is over- or under-run (irrespective of the parameter <i>Limit value21 min or max</i>). The threshold value can be set with this CAN-BUS Object. If the parameter is set to 0, the limit value monitoring is deactivated.	
Range:	A force value can be entered. The decimal point is dependent on the CAN-BUS Object 2003h (<i>Force of sensor</i>) and the unit on the CAN-BUS Object 2004h (<i>Unit of force</i>).	
Default:	0	Unit: [N, kN, cN] or [lb, klb, clb]
CAN Object:	2009h	

Scale analogue output

Use:	The parameter determines which tension feedback value corresponds to the maximum signal at the analogue output (10V respectively 20mA).	
Range:	A force value can be entered. The value has 4 digits. The decimal point depends on the CAN-BUS Object 2003 “ <i>Force of sensor</i> ”.	
Default:	1000	Unit: [N, kN, cN] or [lb, klb, clb]
CAN Object:	2040h	

10 Specification of the CAN-Bus Interface (Devise profile)

The following pages describe the CAN-BUS interface of the EMGZ480 / 480.M16. The CAN open „Communication Profile“ bases on the CiA Draft Standard 301. In addition the EMGZ480 / 480.M16 amplifiers have some device specific CAN objects.

10.1 General Remarks

The *Object Class* is always „*mandatory*“.

10.2 Summary of Objects (application specific)

Index	Name
1008 - 100A	Device Identification 1st part
2000 – 2009 2040	Parameter
2051	Find Offset
2052	Calibration
2080 - 2083	System Parameter
7100	Operation value A/D-converter (gross value)
7130	Operation value feedback
2210	Action Parameter, set Default Value
2100	Operation Status
6150	Status Analogue Output
6508	Alarms
2090 - 2091	Device Identification 2nd part
2010 – 2039, 2041 – 2049, 2053 – 2079, 2084 – 2089, 2092 – 2099, 2101 – 2209, 2211 - 2299	Reserved

10.3 Device Identification

Object 1008 Device Name: “FMS EMGZ 480”*)

Object 1009 Hardware Version: “Revision A”*)

Object 100A Software Version: ‘1.00 ’*)

(8 digits, unused digits are blank 20_{hex})

*) according CiA Draft Standard 301, page e 10-9

11 CAN Bus Object Catalogue

The parameter name is always in the Sub-Index 2. The unit of the parameter is determined in the Sub-Index 3, which is defined as a Visible String.

11.1 Object 2001: Parameter Offset

Offset

Use:	With the CAN-BUS object 2051 „ <i>find Offset</i> “ the found offset will be stored in a [Digit] value. This value can be manually changed.		
Range:	-8000	to	8000
Increment:	1	Default:	0
CAN Object:	2001h		

Object description:

Index	2001
Name	Parameter Offset
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	-8000 ... +8000
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Offset feedback

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[Dig]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	-8000

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	+8000

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

11.2 Object 2002: Parameter Gain

Gain

Use: This parameter stores the value determined with the CAN Object 2052 *Calibration*. If the material tension cannot be simulated, you can also enter a calculated value using the formulas in „8.2 Mathematical Method (Module 1 only)“

Range:	0.100 to 32.000	Default: 1.000
Increment:	0.001	Unit: [-]
CAN Object:	2002h	

Object description:

Index	2002
Name	Parameter Gain
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. .07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	100 .. 32000
Default Value	1000

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Gain feedback

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[-]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	3

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	100

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	32000

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1000

11.3 Object 2003: Parameter Force of Sensor

Force of Sensor

Use: This parameter stores the nominal force of the sensor. This value can be found on the label of the force sensor.

Range: 1 to 9999

Default: 1000

Increment: 1

Unit: [N, kN, cN]

CAN Object: 2003h

[lb, clb, klb]

Object description:

Index	2003
Name	Parameter Force of sensor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 9999
Default Value	1000

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Nominal force

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[] dependent on object 2004 [N], [kN], [cN]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	9999

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1000

11.4 Object 2004: Parameter Unit of Sensor

Unit of Sensor

Use: This parameter stores the measuring unit of the sensor.

Range: N, kN, cN

Default: N

CAN Object: 2004h

Object description:

Index	2004
Name	Parameter Unit of sensor
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 .. 2
Default Value	0 -> N

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Unit of sensor

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[N] falls 0, [kN] falls 1, [cN] falls 2

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	2

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0 -> N

11.5 Object 2005: Parameter Lowpass Filter

Lowpass Filter

Use:	The electronic unit contains a low-pass filter to prevent noise from interfere with the output signal. This parameter determines the cut off frequency of the filter. The lower the cut off frequency, the more sluggish the signal on the output terminals will be. Due to this filter, the output signal will be much more stable irrespective of the fluctuations of the force value.		
Range:	0.1 to 200.0	Default:	50.0
Increment:	0.1	Unit:	[Hz]
CAN Object:	2005h		

Object description:

Index	2005
Name	Parameter Low Filter
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 2000
Default Value	500

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Lowpass feedback

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[Hz]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	2000

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	Ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	500

11.6 Object 2006: Parameter Limit value 1 min or max

Limit value 1 min or max

Use: Through this CAN-BUS object the minimum or maximum limits of the parameter „Limit value 1“ can be configured. In the CAN-BUS Object 6508.1 the status of the Limit value 1 can be seen.

Range: Min, Max

Default: Min

CAN Object: 2006h

Object description:

Index	2006
Name	Parameter Limit value 1 min or max
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 .. 1
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Limit 1 min/max

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

11.7 Object 2007: Parameter Limit value 1

Limit value 1

Use:	CAN-BUS Object 6508.1 „ <i>Limit value 1</i> “ is activated, if the defined threshold value is over- or under-run (irrespective of the parameter <i>Limit value 1 min or max</i>). This threshold value can be set with this CAN-BUS Object. If the parameter is set to 0, the limit value monitoring is deactivated.
Range:	A force value can be entered. The decimal point is dependent from the CAN-BUS Object 2003h (<i>Force of sensor</i>) and the unit from the CAN-BUS Object 2004h (<i>Unit of force</i>).
Default:	0
Unit:	[N, kN, cN] or [lb, klb, clb]
CAN Object:	2007h

Object description:

Index	2007
Name	Parameter Limit value 1
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	Ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 .. 9999
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String

Default Value	Limit value 1
Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[] dependent on object 2004 (Unit of sensor) and US-Standard

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0, dependent on object 2003 (Force of sensor)

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	9999

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

11.8 Object 2008: Parameter Limit value 2 min or max

Limit value 2 min or max

Use: Through this CAN-BUS object the minimum or maximum limits of the parameter „*Limit value 2*“ can be configured. In the CAN-BUS Object 6508.2 the status of the *Limit value 2* can be seen.

Range: Min, Max

Default: Max

CAN Object: 2008h

Object description:

Index	2008
Name	Parameter Limit value 2 min or max
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	Ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 .. 1
Default Value	1

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Limit 2 min/max

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1

11.9 Object 2009: Parameter Limit value 2

Limit value 2

Use:	CAN-BUS Object 6508.2 „ <i>Limit value 2</i> “ is activated, if the defined threshold value is over- or under-run (irrespective of the parameter <i>Limit value21 min or max</i>). This threshold value can be set with this CAN-BUS Object. If the parameter is set to 0, the limit value monitoring is deactivated.
Range:	A force value can be entered. The decimal point is dependent from the CAN-BUS Object 2003h (<i>Force of sensor</i>) and the unit from the CAN-BUS Object 2004h (<i>Unit of force</i>).
Default:	0
CAN Object:	2009h

Object description:

Index	2009
Name	Parameter Limit value 2
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 .. 9999
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String

Default Value	Limit value 2
Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[] dependent on object 2004 (Unit of sensor) und US-Standard

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0, dependent on object 2003 (Force of sensor)

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	9999

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

11.10 Object 2040: Parameter scaling analogue output

Scaling analogue output

Use:	This parameter determines which tension feedback value will correspond to the maximum signal at the analogue output (10V respectively 20mA).
Range:	A force value can be entered. The value has 4 digits. The decimal point depends from the CAN-BUS Object 2003 “ <i>Force of sensor</i> ”.
Default:	1000
Unit:	[N, kN, cN] or [lb, klb, clb]
CAN Object:	2040h

Object description:

Index	2040
Name	Parameter Scaling analogue output
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 ... 9999
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Scale analogue output

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[] dependent on object 2004 (Unit of sensor) and US-Standard

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0, dependent on object 2003 (Force of sensor)

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	9999

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

11.11 Object 2051: Parameter Find offset

Find offset

Use: The CAN Bus Object 2051 *Find offset* determines the offset value of the analogue input. The found value is stored in the object 2001 *Offset* in [Digit].

Range: 0: No to 1: Yes
CAN Object: 2051h

Default: 0: No

Object description:

Index	2051
Name	Parameter Find offset
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	01h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Find offset
Data type	Integer 16
Access	wo
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 ... 1
Default Value	0

11.12 Object 2052: Parameter Calibration

Calibration

Use:	The CAN-BUS Object 2052 <i>Calibration</i> determines the gain of the feedback value. The material tension is simulated with a known weight. This value can then be entered in [N] or [lbs]. The gain is calculated and stored in the object 2002 <i>Gain</i> . If 0 is entered, no gain value will be calculated.		
	The decimal point depends on the CAN-BUS object 2003 <i>Force of sensor</i> .		
	Fnom ≥ 1000	Digits after decimal point: 0	
	Fnom < 1000 und Fnom ≥ 100	Digits after decimal point: 1	
	Fnom < 100 und Fnom ≥ 10	Digits after decimal point: 2	
	Fnom < 10	Digits after decimal point: 3	
Range:	0 to 9999		Default: 0
CAN Object:	2052h		

Object description:

Index	2052
Name	Parameter Calibration
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	01h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Calibration
Data type	Integer 16
Access	wo
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 ... 999999
Default Value	0

12 CAN-BUS Catalogue System Parameter Objects

12.1 Object 2080: System Parameter Language

Language

Use:	This parameter determines the display language on the CAN-Master (e.g. PC or PLC)
Range:	English, German
CAN Object:	2080h

Object description:

Index	2080
Name	System Parameter Language
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 ... 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	Rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0
Default Value	1

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Language

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

12.2 Object 2081: System Parameter Measuring System

Measuring System

Use:	This parameter indicates the measuring system that will be displayed. If it is set to <i>metric</i> , all force values are shown in [N, cN, kN]. If it is set to <i>US standard</i> , all force values are shown in [lb, clb, klb].	
Range:	Metric, US standard	Default: Metric
CAN Object:	2081h	

Object description:

Index	2081
Name	System Parameter Mass-System
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 ... 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 .. 1
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Measuring System

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

12.3 Object 2082: System Parameter Baudrate

Baudrate

Use:	This parameter sets the speed of the CAN-BUS interface. If this parameter is changed the electronic unit must be reset (power off – on).	
Range:	0:50, 1:100, 2:125, 3:250	Default: 3:250
CAN Object:	2082h	Unit: [kBit]

Object description:

Index	2082
Name	System Parameter Baudrate
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0: 50, 1: 100, 2: 125, 3: 250
Default Value	3: 250

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Baud rate

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[kBit]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0: 50

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	3: 250

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	3: 250

12.4 Object 2083: System Parameter Cycle time PDO

Cycle time PDO

Use:	The parameter determines the cycle time (frequency) of the PDO transmission in the CAN-BUS interface. If this parameter is changed the electronic unit must be reset (power off – on).	
Range:	0:50, 1:100, 2:200, 3:500	Default: 100
CAN Object:	2083h	Unit: [ms]

Object description:

Index	2083
Name	System Parameter Cycle time PDO
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	1 .. 07h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Parameter value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	rw
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0: 50, 1: 100, 2: 200, 3: 500
Default Value	1: 100

Sub-Index	2
Description	Parameter name
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	Time slice PDO

Sub-Index	3
Description	Parameter unit
Data type	Visible String
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	String
Default Value	[ms]

Sub-Index	4
Description	Parameter decimal places
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0

Sub-Index	5
Description	Parameter minimum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	0: 50

Sub-Index	6
Description	Parameter maximum value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	3: 500

Sub-Index	7
Description	Parameter default value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	Constant
Default Value	1: 100

13 CAN-BUS Catalogue Operating System Objects

13.1 Object 7100: Cross values A/D-Converter

This object contains the cross A/D-converter value of analogue input in Digit.

Object description:

Index	7100
Name	A/D-converter value (cross)
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	01h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	A/D-converter analogue input gross value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	-8191 ... +8191
Default Value	No

13.2 Object 7130: Feedback value

This object contains the feedback value of the amplifier. The decimal point depends on the CAN-BUS object 2003 *Force of sensor*.

The gain is calculated and stored in the object 2002h *Gain* and on the CAN-BUS object 2004h *Unit of force sensor*).

Fnom \geq 1000	Digits after decimal point: 0
Fnom < 1000 und Fnom \geq 100	Digits after decimal point: 1
Fnom < 100 und Fnom \geq 10	Digits after decimal point: 2
Fnom < 10	Digits after decimal point: 3

Object description:

Index	7130
Name	Feedback value
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	01h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Feedback value
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	PDO 0
Value Range	0 ... 32767 (can also contain a negative value, if the offset was badly set)
Default Value	No

14 CAN-BUS Catalogue Action Objects

14.1 Object 2210h: Parameter Set Default Parameters

This object restores the default parameter set which in the same time the factory settings.

0: No

1: Yes, restore default parameter set

Object description:

Index	2210h
Name	Set default parameters
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	01h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Restores default parameter set
Data type	Integer 16
Access	wo
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0 .. 1
Default Value	0: Nein

15 CAN-BUS Catalogue Status Objects

15.1 Object 2100: Operating status

This object indicates the actual operating status.

Object description:

Index	2100
Name	Operating status
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	01h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Shows actual operating status
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	PDO 1
Value Range	0 .. FFFF
Default Value	0

Bit 7: 0/1 ⇒ Reserved	inactive/active
Bit 6: 0/1 ⇒ Reserved	inactive/active
Bit 5: 0/1 ⇒ Overload of analogue input	inactive/active
Bit 4: 0/1 ⇒ Limit value 2	inactive/active
Bit 3: 0/1 ⇒ Limit value 1	inactive/active
Bit 2: 0/1 ⇒ Reserved for CMGZ 480	inactive/active
Bit 1: 0/1 ⇒ Reserved for CMGZ 480	inactive/active
Bit 0: 0/1 ⇒ Reserved for CMGZ 480	inactive/active

- Analogue input: Shows whether the analogue input has a positive or negative overload
 Limit value 2: Shows whether the Limit value 2 activated
 Limit value 1: Shows whether the Limit value 1 activated

15.2 Object 6150: Analogue Input Status

This object contains the status of the analogue input. Bit 1 and bit 2 cannot be set at the same time.

MSB				LSB
	Reserved	Negative overload	Positive overload	Error
7	3	2	1	0

Remarks:

Value	Meaning
00h	No error at the analogue input
03h	Positive overload
05h	Negative overload

Object description:

Index	6150
Name	Analogue input status
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	no
Value Range	01h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Analogue input status
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0, 3, 5
Default Value	No

15.3 Object 6508: Alarms

Object 6508 contains the alarms of the CAN-BUS amplifiers (tension values).

Remarks:

Value	Meaning
00h	No alarm
01h	
02h	Equal or exceeded
03h	Went below limit

Object description:

Index	6508
Name	Alarms
Object Code	ARRAY
Data Type	Integer 16
Category	Mandatory

Input description:

Sub-Index	0
Description	Number of entries
Data type	Unsigned 8
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	01 ... 02h
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	1
Description	Min. / Max. Limit value 1
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0, 2, 3
Default Value	No

Sub-Index	2
Description	Min. / Max. Limit value 2
Data type	Integer 16
Access	ro
PDO Mapping	No
Value Range	0, 2, 3

16 Communication Profile

16.1 PDO_0 (1800 / 1A00) ID: 180h + Node ID

1: Object 7130 (Feedback value)

Data is sent periodically. The cycle time is determined with object 2083 (cycle time PDO).

16.2 PDO_1 (1801 / 1A01) ID: 280h + Node ID

1: Object 2100 (operating status)

Data is sent periodically. The cycle time is determined with object 2083 (cycle time PDO).

17 Complete Object Overview

Index	Type	Name
1000	Unsigned32	Device type / C0191h according to Draft Standard 401
1005	Unsigned32	COB-ID SYNC-message
1008	Vis-String	Manufacturer device name
1009	Vis-String	Manufacturer hardware version
100A	Vis-String	Manufacturer software version
180+ID	PDOCommPar	1. Transmit PDO Parameter (PDO 0)
280+ID	PDOCommPar	2. Transmit PDO Parameter (PDO 1)
1A00	PDOMapping	1. Transmit PDO mapping
1A01	PDOMapping	2. Transmit PDO mapping
2001	Integer 16	Parameter Offset
2002	Integer 16	Parameter Gain
2003	Integer 16	Parameter Force of sensor
2004	Integer 16	Parameter Unit of sensor
2005	Integer 16	Parameter Lowpass Filter
2006	Integer 16	Parameter Limit value 1 Minimum or Maximum
2007	Integer 16	Parameter Limit value 1
2008	Integer 16	Parameter Limit value 2 Minimum or Maximum
2009	Integer 16	Parameter Limit value 2
2040	Integer 16	Parameter Scaling analogue output
2010-39		Reserved
2041-50		Reserved
2051	Integer 16	Parameter Find offset
2052	Integer 16	Parameter Calibration
2053-79		Reserved
2080	Integer 16	System Parameter language
2081	Integer 16	System Parameter Measuring system
2082	Integer 16	System Parameter Baudrate
2083	Integer 16	System Parameter Cycle time PDO
2084-89		Reserved
2092-99		Reserviert
2100	Integer 16	Operating status
2101-99		Reserved
2200-09		Reserved
2210	Integer 16	Action Parameter Set default parameters
2211-99		Reserved
6150	Integer 16	Analogue input status
6508	Integer 16	Status Alarms
7100	Integer 16	A/D-converter value (cross)
7130	Integer 16	Feedback value

18 Non-Volatile Data Memory (EEPROM)

Following objects are fail-safe stored in a EEPROM memory and after booting-up the last used parameter set is loaded in the system.

<i>Object</i>	<i>Item</i>
2000 – 2009, 2040	Parameter
2080 - 2083	System Parameter

Following objects are hardwired in the program code and are not changeable.

- 1000 Device type
- 1008 Device name
- 1009 Hardware version
- 100A Software version

19 Technical Reference

19.1 Other Elements for Settings of EMGZ 480

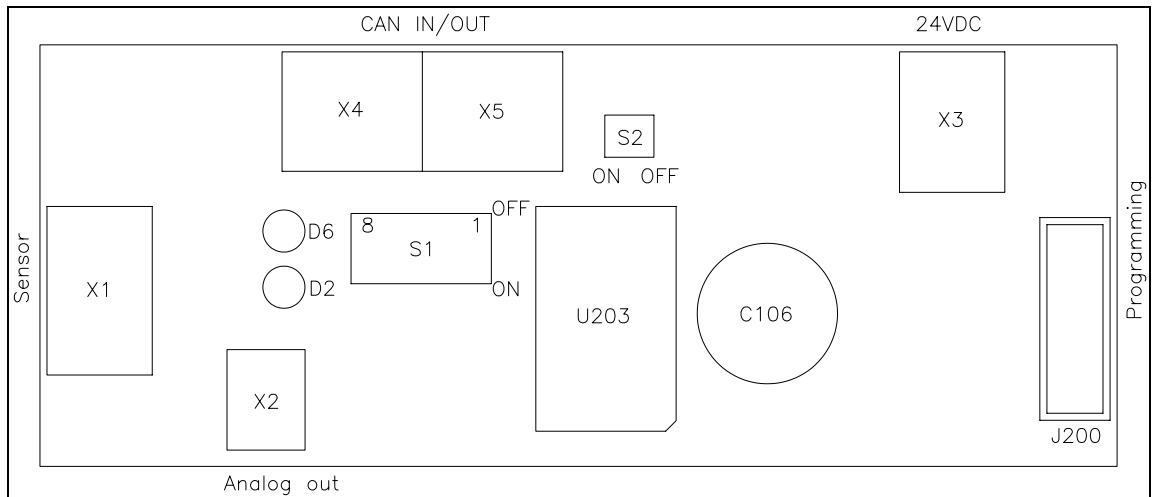


Fig. 9: Setting Elements on the Electronic Board

E480014d

Element	Function
S1	Addressing of CAN-Bus
S2	Line termination of CAN-Bus
D2	CAN-Bus LED (red)
D6	VCC Power LED (green)
J200	Programming Connector (Tyco 12p).

19.2 Function of the CAN-Bus LED (red)

Element	Function
D2 off	No communication
D2 blinking	Pre-operational
D2 lit	Operational (communication OK)

20 Trouble Shooting

From the system recognised errors can be requested in the CAN-BUS Object 2100h.

Error	Cause	Corrective Action
Feedback value is > 0 despite loose material	Offset is wrongly compensated	Re-do Offset Compensation
Feedback is not stable, although material tension is not changing	Filter cut-off frequency is set too high.	Correct cut-off frequency (ref „8.6 Configuring lowpass filter“)
	Earth ground (PE) is not connected	Check earth ground connection and re-wire if necessary
	Electrical noise because of cross talk on cables	Check shield connection on sensor cable or bus cables. Use recommended twisted pairs cables (ref „7.4 Wiring diagrams“)
Feedback value doesn't correspond to actual material tension	Gain value wrongly programmed	Re-calibrate sensor and amplifier (ref. to 8 “Calibration of Measuring Amplifier”)
Limit value switch of one channel is not working	Limit value wrongly programmed	Repeat setting of parameters (ref. to 9. “Parameter Settings” and „9.4 Description of Parameters“ page 24)

21 Technical Data

Number of measuring points	1
Sensor terminals	Max. 2 parallel wired sensors @ 350Ω per measuring point
Sensor supply voltage	5.00VDC
Input Signal Range	0...9mV (max. 12.5mV)
Resolution A/D-Converter	±8192 Digit (14 Bit)
Measuring Error	<0.05% FS
Cycle Time	2ms
Operation	Over CAN-BUS
Analogue Output	0...10VDC
Power Supply	24VDC (18...36VDC) / max. 50mA
Protection Class	IP68
Temperature Range	-10...60°C
Weight	ca. 300g

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